W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

CHAS. E. JONES'
People's Popular Prescription
Pharmacy
Open Day and Night.
36 Government St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1893. No. 178

Our Strike is Over!

We have now engaged a full staff of competent workmen and are able to make up goods ONE THIRD LESS than the old price.

Suits now range from $20 up.
Pants from $6.

ALL IMPORTED GOODS.
THESE PRICES WILL CONTINUE

Why send East when you can buy a better suit at home for less money, from the Largest Stock and Best Tailors in the Province.
Or why wear a ready-made suit when you can have one made to fit you of good Imported Stock for the same price.

TERMS CASH.

Geo. R. Jackson & Co.,
Five Sisters Block, 57 Government Street.

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

50 PER CENT.

Dry Goods at Half Price
At
THE WESTSIDE

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:
200 yds. Check Tweed, 30c., reduced to 15c.
300 yds. Bedford Cord, 44 inches wide, 40c., at 15c.
250 yds. Double Width Checked Tweed, 35c., at 20c.
400 yds. Fancy English Tweed, 50c., at 25c.
600 yds. Double Width French Twills, 50c. at 25c.
450 yds. Double Width Tweeds, 75c., at 40c.
Black French Cashmeres and Fancy Black Dress Goods, at about half price.
Jackets, Capes and Blouses at Clearance Prices.

A SPECIAL LINE OF
25 doz. Suede Musquetaire GLOVES, in Black and Colored, 10 button lengths, worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price, 65c.

SEE WINDOWS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett
74 Yates Street,
GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.
Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates.
Collections promptly made.
City Property a Specialty.

Spectacle Wearers
Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the
ONLY OPTICIANS
In British Columbia,
F. W. Nolte & Co.
37 Fort Street.

Cavin Bros.,
Boots
And
Shoes,
HAVE REMOVED
From
94 Douglas St.
To
94 Yates St.,
Wilson Building,
Opp. Vancouver Hotel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Girl for general house work; small family. Apply at Mrs. Phillips, Saanich road, short distance north of car terminus. 21-1t

WANTED—A girl to do general house work. Apply to Mrs. C. H. Gardiner, No. 9 Labouchere St., between 10 a.m. and 12 a.m. 21-3t

Removal Office.
DR H. D. LEITCH
Office: Williams Block,
Opposite Driard. Telephone 820.
Residence: 136 Quadra St. Telephone 181.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER.
—ON—
Friday, Aug. 4,
1893,
Under instructions from Messrs. Reden & Hartnagle, I will sell at 11 o'clock a.m. all the
FURNITURE,
CARPETS,
PIANO, ETC.,
Contained in the 26 rooms of the
Theatre Portion of the Old Driard Hotel.
TERMS CASH. Particulars To-morrow.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
au1 Auctioneer.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
AUCTION SALE OF
Valuable Real Estate
SITUATED IN VICTORIA CITY.

I am instructed by the assignees of the Estate of A. J. Smith, Esquire, to sell by Public Auction, on a day to be named by the assignees, at the Salesroom, 40 Yates street, all his Valuable Real Estate.

Particulars and descriptions of the property will be given in a few days.

W. R. CLARKE,
jy31 Auctioneer.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Oaxaca, Mexico, Aug. 1.—There has been trouble brewing for some time between the towns of Mazaltopec and Tejalapa in this state over the boundary question. These differences caused the development of opposing factions and have resulted in pitched battles, a number of both sides being killed and many wounded. The authorities were notified of the trouble and a large detachment of troops was sent to quell the disturbance and prevent further bloodshed.

San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, Aug. 1.—News has been received here that a treaty of peace has been signed by representatives of the Granada government and the Leon revolutionists. This was in accordance with the proposal made by Provisional President Zavala. The terms of the treaty have not been learned, but it is known that hostilities have ceased.

Valparaiso, Aug. 1.—News received from Argentina last night shows that the revolution of the Civico Nacionales and Radicals has extended to all parts of the provinces of Buenos Ayres and Santa Fe. It is expected that a state seige will begin in Buenos Ayres and martial law may be declared in all parts of the provinces where the revolutionists have made demonstrations. The uprising is against the provincial governments of San Juan, Santa Fe and San Luis, and was caused by the dissatisfaction aroused by the financial and other policies of the governors of these provinces. The senate has been called to meet and consider the situation.

Stop
paying rent and buy a nice two-story house on monthly payments, equal only to rent.
PAGE & WINNETT.

THERE LET THEM ROT

Chairman Warner's Remarks at the Silver Convention.

SHERMAN AND CO. HEARTILY CURSED

Their Several Memoirs Consigned to Rot in Oblivion.

Silver Men from All Parts Present—Tremendous Fall in Pork at Chicago—Collapse of the "Ring"—Restoration of Confidence Among Eastern Bank Depositors—Money Becoming Easier.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Hundreds of men began to toil up the two flights of stairs leading to the auditorium of the First Methodist church at Clark and Washington streets shortly after the doors were opened at 9 o'clock this morning. They were delegates to the national convention called by the American Bi-metallic League to consider the present silver crisis. It had originally been intended to confine the gathering to delegates appointed by governors of states, commercial, industrial and other associations, but a few days ago it was decided to throw the doors wide open to all who are in favor of maintaining the money of the constitution and opposed to the establishment of a single gold standard in the United States, whether they were accredited representatives of an organized body or merely representatives of their own individual views.

The resolution under which the gathering came together, and which was signed by Gen. A. J. Warner and W. M. Barsington, president and secretary of the league, were as follows: "The recent culmination of events of the greatest importance to the people of the country calls for wise counsel and determined action on the part of all patriotic citizens. A concerted purpose is manifest to seize upon the present opportunity to destroy silver as money and to establish forever the gold standard, and at one stroke to change all debts to gold debts, with a never ending rise of gold and fall of prices. A financial disturbance, largely artificial and needless, has been created as an object lesson, and falsely attributed to the present silver law, to create a manifestation of public sentiment, under cover of which the greater crime of overthrowing the money of the constitution and establishing the single gold standard may be consummated. As a part of the same great conspiracy the mints of England have been closed and the shock is felt around the world. Congress has been called to meet in extra session on Aug. 7th. If at this session the money standard of the constitution is overthrown and the gold standard is finally established, to be extended over the world, an economic revolution will have been inaugurated more destructive to the welfare of mankind, and especially to the producing and laboring classes, than any in the history of the world."

It was not until 11:15 that ex-Congressman Warner, accompanied by several of his asociates, appeared upon the platform. The audience to which Gen. Warner looked down filled every seat upon the ground floor, while the gallery above every inch of standing room had been taken. It looked like a body of grave men assembled to consider a grave subject, and keenly sensible of the responsibility that attached to their deliberations. Widely scattered sections of the country were represented.

The national legislature had representatives in the persons of Senator Peffer of Kansas, Senator Vance of North Carolina, Senator Jones of Arkansas, Senators Stuart and Jones of Nevada, Teller and Wolcott of Colorado, and Representative Pence of Colorado. Scattered around the front seats were Frank M. Pixley of California, Edward Pierrepont of New York, L. M. Rumsey of Missouri, John L. Cochran of Virginia, H. B. Chamberlain of Colorado, Thomas H. Nelson of Indiana, ex-Governors John P. St. John, Charles Robinson, Thomas A. Osborne, James M. Harvey, George W. Glick, L. M. Humphrey, all of Kansas, together with F. B. Johnson, Frank Chase, W. R. Adams, and W. D. Rippey, the entire ten forming the official delegation from Kansas as appointed by Gov. Lewelling. In the Colorado delegation were seated Senator N. P. Hill, ex-Governors Cooper, Evans, Grant, Routt and Gilpin, ex-Senator Tabor and several others of equal prominence. The Iowa delegation had a section all to itself on the left main aisle. The Knights of Labor were represented by three of its most prominent members, J. E. Ogden, Capt. D. M. Fulweiler and Ed Lindbloom. State Representative H. E. Staunack, chairman of the National People's Party, sat in the body of the hall, and with him nearly every member of the executive committee of that organization, and many members of the general national committee from the south and west.

Gen. Warner called the convention to order and Secretary Barrington read the call for the gathering. After this Gen. Warner delivered an address, in which he said that decided action was needed and that it was a time for plain talk. All over the country alarm was felt over the possibility of the establishment of a single gold standard. The silver men were not by any means on the defensive. On the contrary they proposed to take aggressive action against those who are attempting to take advantage of the conditions which they have created to force upon the country a single gold standard. The present financial condition is largely artificial, amounting almost to a public crime, and for this the gold men should be held responsible. At the conclusion of Mr. Warner's address a brief recess was taken for the purpose of consultation preparatory to effecting a permanent organization.

The sentiment pervading the convention cannot more strongly be illustrated than by quoting the views of Hon. W. H. Harvey, a noted silver advocate and editor of the organ of the Bi-Metallic League. He says: "This convention is the first gun for financial independence from British dictation. We want the coinage laws restored as they were prior to 1873. Up to that date we had free coinage of both gold and silver. Since then we have had free coinage of gold only. There is only about $5 per capita of both gold and silver in the world, and it will take both of them for a basis of our credit money. Free coinage means an unlimited demand and fixes the price of silver as it is now fixed on gold, and takes this metal out of the market, where it is now subject to the kicks of bulls and bears. The only way to treat a money metal is to give it free coinage. The United States can go it alone with a friendly administration at Washington. There are several ways that we could protect ourselves against Europe. To try to continue on a gold standard means more liquidation and national bankruptcy. Gold is too scarce and can be cornered at any time by a few rich men, such as the Rothschilds. Silver scatters among the people and it is not possible to corner it."

New York was represented by the following delegates: Richard Lacy, John C. Boyd, Hugh J. Fitch, Henry Nichols, Amasa Thornton, Harvey A. Spencer, Harden Weston, Henry B. Clifford, Alexander C. Lassen, D. B. Harris, James W. Murphy, John M. Drake, A. A. Hill, Adolph Lubrs and James M. Monroe.

When Chairman A. J. Warner of the bi-metallic league called the convention to order a score of delegates were obliged to stand in the aisles, but all took the inconvenience good naturedly, in view of the fact that the convention was so largely attended. In a few opening words the chairman introduced Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago, who welcomed the delegates to the city.

Temporary Chairman Warner, who spoke, said, referring to the act of 1873: "The members of congress, the speaker of the house who signed the bill, the president who approved it, never knew that it demonetized silver. There was but one man in the United States senate who knew that the act of 1873 demonetized silver, and yet he has never been hanged or shot for treason. (Great applause at this allusion to John Sherman). The act will be known in history as the crime of 1873. Let the memories of those who stand connected with it rot in oblivion." (Great applause). Continuing he said he was willing to have the act of 1890 repealed if the other Sherman law, the act of 1873, can be repealed by the same bill. Let both Sherman laws go together and place the country back upon the constitution and the law as it stood before 1873.

Confidence Restored.

New York, Aug. 1.—There was a marked decrease in the number of persons in the different savings banks this morning. The condition of affairs when the banks opened for business showed that depositors had regained their confidence. The only depositors to withdraw were laborers and servant girls, who were scared by reports. A noticeable crowd was at the German Spar bank at Fourteenth street and Fourth avenue. At the Drydock bank, Bowery bank, Greenwich savings bank and several other banks crowds gathered. Everything is quiet and business is going on in the usual manner. It was announced that £930,000 in gold had been withdrawn from the Bank of England for shipment to America.

Money on call was easier to-day and 6 and 8 per cent. Time loans and mercantile paper were merely nominal. The loan committee of the clearing house has issued 1,275,000 additional certificates, making the total to date 29,250,000.

PANIC IN PORK.

Collapse of the Gang That Forced Up the Price.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—There is a panic on 'change this morning. Pork which closed at $19 yesterday opened at $18.75 this morning, with the next price $18, and from that it went down by jumps of 25, 50 and $1 to $15.50, at this writing, a clean drop of $3.50. September wheat which closed yesterday at 59 3-8 opened ragged at from 61 to 60 3-8c, touched 60 and now stands at 60 4. September corn opened at 38 1-2, against 38 1-8 at the close yesterday, and sold off to 38 3-8. September pork is now quoted at $13, a loss of $6 since yesterday's final figures. The great transaction in pork which has held the price of that commodity at an inordinately high rate for months has collapsed, accompanied by the announcement of the failure of the three leading houses concerned in it, to wit: J. G. Stever, E. W. Bailey and A. C. Helmhol. Pork sold down to $10 a barrel but almost immediately recovered to $11.50, where it is now selling.

The North American Packing Co., brokers for A. M. Wright & Co., have failed. All the firms that have failed so far to-day were brokers for Wright & Co., and unable to put up sufficient margins.

It is announced on the Board of Trade that John Cudahy has failed.

Cherokee Strip Afire.

Hennessee, O. T., Aug. 1.—The United States cavalry is supposed to have set fire to the Cherokee strip, and there is now a vast prairie fire, which will cause great loss. There was a thrilling scene after the fire began. Cattlemen started their cattle on the run, and as they flew before the rapid flames the boomers put their horses to the gallop to get out of the way. This will be a crushing blow to the boomers who intended to make claims in the strip, as it will destroy forage. Farmers on the edge of the strip are back-firing as much as possible to prevent the fire from destroying their stacks of wheat and homes.

MORE WAR CLOUDS

France Threatens a Resumption of Hostilities.

A SECOND BLOCKADE ANNOUNCED

To Take Effect on All the Ports of Siam To-morrow.

Prince Vidhana's Acceptance of all Conditions—Till Everything is Settled France will Hold the Disputed Lands—Pope Leo's Letter on Things in General—Canadian Goods in England.

London, Aug. 1.—After midnight inquiries at the British admiralty brought a response from the official in charge that confirmation had been received from Bangkok that the French admiral had given notice of a fresh blockade to begin on Wednesday. It was added that there's no question of British gunboats leaving Bangkok in response to French or other demands.

Paris, Aug. 1.—Lord Dufferin, British ambassador to France, and M. de Velle, foreign minister, at their interview yesterday merely amplified papers that had already been prepared for signature. On inquiry at the foreign office it was learned that the discussion was confined to the rough draft of the convention for delimitation of the frontiers of the territory to be handed over to the French by the Siamese, and the formation of a buffer country between the French and British possessions.

Prince Vidhana, Siamese minister to France, called at the foreign office today and informed Minister de Velle that Siam was prepared to give the supplementary guarantees required by France for strict fulfilment of the terms of the ultimatum pending the settlement of the final questions involved. It is understood the French will occupy the river and Port Chantibun, which town lies 175 miles at the southeast of Bangkok, on the Gulf of Siam, until complete evacuation is made of Siamese military posts on the left bank of the Mekong river.

Leo's Latest Letter.

Rome, Aug. 1.—The Pope's latest encyclical reads in part: "Constitutions and laws have their foundation in the character and the traditions of peoples and nations. They are the work of God through the centres, as the history of every country shows. But no law which wanders from religion or tends to subvert it, can be otherwise than defective, and in time must come to naught. Society is not a human invention, but a divine inspiration for the real social contact is not merely a right between man and man but between man and God. When an individual fills his duty to God he cannot fail in performing it to society. Prosperity is an essential element to social order for the preservation and development of human life, and the divine law has declared property sacred and inviolable. Cursed be he who removeth his neighbor's land mark. But the poor man has, nevertheless, a right to be assisted by the rich, not by indiscriminate almsgiving, but by preparing such employment for him as will be useful. 'If a man will not work, neither shall he eat,' but if he hath no work it is plainly the duty of those who can do so to provide it for him. This legitimatizes property; no so-called right has any sanction if not sanctioned by God, and no usurpation of others rights, can expect the blessing of Heaven. At this moment Europe is in the throes of an immense upheaval of society, in which one violent struggle succeeds another unceasingly. In many cases the reason is to be found in the fact that legislation has not been duly enacted, for every person should have his legitimate part of the benefits of society according to the order of providence. This state of rest is not confined to the working classes, properly socalled. It has taken root and is bearing nefarious fruit in the more cultivated part of society. The masses, who do not perceive the niceties of light and shade, seeing these people moving in a superior condition of life, and being adherents of the principles of socialism, allow themselves to be blindly led by agitators who have no real interest in the case they so loudly uphold beyond a sordid or a selfish one, and this is why strikes are so unprofitable of beneficial results. Placed on a basis more social than economic, being more of a struggle than a pacification, more of aggression than defense, the strike loses its natural aspect and hides its essence. A strike can be justified only as a means of defense when an individual interest is attacked; never can it be justified as a collective arm of aggression. The right of protecting the operative, whether in factory or in the field, should be admitted, and for this purpose the maximum of labor as well as the minimum of salary should be fixed. The hours of labor should be arranged giving due attention to days of rest and abstention from labor."

Towing Coal Up River.

Quebec, Aug. 1.—The steamship Cape Breton, from Sidney for Montreal, with a cargo of coal, passed Pane Point yesterday morning with the schooner Granite in tow. The schooner is also coal laden. This is an experiment on the part of the steamer, and if it is a success it is probable that other colliers will go into the business of towing large schooners and barges laden from Nova Scotian mines to Quebec and Montreal. While it is thought the expense to the steamer will be very little greater than at present, the quantity of coal brought up each trip will be far larger.

Office Changed.

The office of the secretary of the British Columbia Agricultural Society has been changed to the office of the British Columbia Paper Mill Co., No. 32 Government street.

THE SCENE IN PARLIAMENT.

Apologies Made for Connection With the Disgraceful Proceedings.

London, July 31.—In the house of commons to-day Prime Minister Gladstone, replying to a question asked by Mr. John Lloyd Wharton, Conservative member for Ripon division, Yorkshire, which question was prompted by the hand-to-hand conflict that occurred in the house last Thursday night, said that doubtless it would be for the general convenience of the house and the interests of good order if an arrangement should be arrived at by means of which the supporters of the government and the members of the opposition might sit on opposite sides of the house. Mr. Gladstone added that he had no power in the matter.

Mr. Wm. Hunter, Liberal, member for North Aberdeen, then asked if Mr. Gladstone had taken into consideration the injury done the honor and dignity of the house of commons, and if the assaults committed by members on Thursday evening were to be allowed to pass without punishment being inflicted upon the offenders? He also inquired what action would be taken if he moved the appointment of a committee to inquire into and report upon the matter.

Mr. Gladstone replied that he would answer the questions to-morrow.

Mr. Henry Labouchère, the well-known Radical member, referred to a statement made in the Pall Mall Gazette by a prominent Conservative, Mr. Fisher, member for South Leicestershire. He suggested that Mr. Logan be permitted to reply to Mr. Fisher's statement.

Speaker Peel said he thought it would conduce to a peaceful solution of the matter if both the gentlemen addressed the house.

Mr. Fisher, amid cries of "Logan," "Logan," arose and expressed deep regret for the part he had taken in the affray. He thought, he said that Mr. Logan intended to assault him or Mr. Curzon, and it was for this reason that he mixed up in the trouble. He was greatly distressed at having created disorder in the house.

Mr. Logan emphatically denied that he had intended to assault any one, and sincerely regretted that he had been concerned in the affair.

Mr. Gladstone said that the explanations were satisfactory to him and he hoped the matter would be allowed to drop.

Right Hon. J. Balfour, leader of the opposition, and Mr. Justin McCarthy, leader of the Anti-Parnellite section of the Irish parliamentary party, also expressed themselves as satisfied. Mr. McCarthy, however, protested against the idea that the row was due to the Irish members.

Opium Smuggling.

San Francisco, July 31.—The preliminary trial of Second Officer Bellon, of the Occidental Co.'s steamer Oceanic, charged with smuggling opium is in progress before U.S. Commissioner Peacock. It appears that there was quite a ring on the steamer. Hundreds of pounds of opium were brought in each month and taken ashore in small quantities by the quartermaster, waiters, etc. Once off the dock it was deposited in a convenient saloon and removed to Chinatown as desired. A number of people are involved, and it is said that when the Oceanic sails for the Orient after her present trip there may not be one of the old list of officers left. As the matter stands at present Quartermasters Daull and Emerson are in jail charged with smuggling while Fourth Officer Edye has been dismissed from the service. It is expected that when Daull and Emerson are on the stand they will give the whole scheme away. These two men and Fourth Officer Edye are believed to be only tools of their superior officers and if held to answer they will turn states' evidence.

CHINESE IN AMERICA.

Views of Secretary Carlisle on Exclusion of Mongols.

Washington, D.C., July 31.—Secretary Carlisle has taken a hand in the Chinese situation in New York, which has been the occasion of so much friction recently between the treasury agent and Collector Hendricks, and brings the matter to a close. In a letter, which on Saturday he sent to Collector Hendricks, he says:—"Your assumption that the responsibility for the execution of the laws relating to the exclusion of the Chinese rests alone upon the collector, is unwarranted. Upon that officer is devolved the duty of examining and deciding upon the testimony presented by Chinese persons claiming the right to enter the United States, but, in all cases of doubt, it is his duty, as it is the usual practice of collectors of customs, to submit the case to the secretary of the treasury for his direction, with whom lies the ultimate responsibility for the enforcement of the laws, and whose lawful instructions in the premises should be obeyed by collectors without question.

"The department cannot concur in your view that the unauthorized practice, discontinued by its order of the 13th inst., of authenticating the certificates of the Chinese consul at New York by the signature and seal of the collector, should be resumed. Evidence is before the department, in one case, where a Chinese person represented himself to be a member of a firm of Chinese merchants in New York, and was so certified by the Chinese consul at New York, which was duly authenticated by the seal of the custom house and the signature of one of your deputies, when, in point of fact, the Chinese person who presented himself at the custom house was another and entirely different person from the one named in the certificate. This man applied for admission at one of the frontier custom houses upon the certificate mentioned, which, according to your theory, would be conclusive evidence of his right to enter, inasmuch as the photograph was that of the person who presented himself, but it was not that of the person named in the certificate, who was a real personage, formerly residing in New York and who was still in China.

"That many cases of this kind have occurred is beyond question, and the department sees no good reason for the continuance of a practice by your office which, in instances like that mentioned, only serves as an aid to those engaged in violating the law. It is an ascertained fact that many hundreds of Chinese laborers have come into the country within the past year under the guise of merchants, students, actors, or other persons of the exempt class, aided in most cases by customs officers, who were either corrupt or indifferent to their duty in the premises. It is my duty, as it is my purpose, to employ all the means under my control to enforce the law in good faith, and to that end I shall expect the cordial co-operation of all officers of the customs.

"Respectfully yours,

"J. G. CARLISLE,

"Secretary."

Peary's Expedition.

St. Johns, Nfld., July 31.—The mail news of Lieut. Peary and his expedition received from Labrador is very unsatisfactory. The Falcon arrived at Battle Harbor on July 18, after a very rough and disagreeable passage from St. Johns. She was swept by heavy seas, which did considerable damage. The donkeys which Lieut. Peary took with him on board the Falcon were in a bad condition from exposure, and the injuries received when Battle Harbor was reached. Lieut. Peary had a two days' stay at Battle Harbor to enable him to repair damages and give his animals a chance to recover. While there he tried to purchase dogs but failed. He sailed then for Turnavik. Exorbitant prices were asked for dogs there, so the lieutenant decided not to purchase. He visited Hopedale next, and there the same thing happened. While at Hopedale he seriously contemplated killing the donkeys. He intended to visit the more northern parts of Labrador for the purpose of getting dogs, though the delay would seriously endanger the success of his plans. It is now considerably after the time when he should have sailed for Greenland with good prospects of success. The season is getting late and the chances are they will be unable to reach Bowdoin Bay, as the steamer may be frozen in and be unable to get clear until next year.

Philadelphia, July 31.—The Record, today, has the following dispatch, dated St. Johns, Nfld.:—"Information has been received here from Labrador of serious trouble in Lieut. Peary's expedition. It is said to be so great that the trip is likely to prove a failure."

FRANCE AND SIAM.

The Terms of the Ultimatum to be Enforced to the Letter.

London, July 31.—Replying in the house of commons to-day to a question asked by Hon. George Curzon, Conservative member for Southport, Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, said that he was unable to give exact information regarding the blockade of the Siamese coast and of the occupation of several islands by the French. It was understood, however, the occupation of the islands was only temporary, being connected in some way with the blockading of portions of it. It did not appear that any British vessels had been seized by the French. The information at hand showed that two or three vessels had been stopped under a misapprehension.

A dispatch to the Central News from Bangkok, dated Monday, 6 p. m., says: The uneasiness among the people here, far from lessening, is increasing. Several more French gunboats have arrived at Hoch Si Chang, making a total of thirteen now there. Negotiations are still going on, but the progress is not rapid; the intentions of the French are awaited with fear and apprehension. Rear-Admiral Humann, commanding the French squadron, has issued a second blockade notice to take effect three days from Saturday. He will order the British war ships Pallas and Swift, now lying off Bangkok, to go outside the blockade limits. M. Pavie, the French minister resident, has gone to Saigon and Rear-Admiral Humann is under directions from Paris. Unless the French government interferes quickly an attack upon Bangkok seems certain. The trading community is surprised that Admiral Humann is still allowed a free hand.

Paris, July 31.—The ambiguous tone of yesterday's cabinet council in accepting Siam's surrender has caused much comment. It is generally understood that this tone was adopted for the purpose of soothing international susceptibilities. It is stated to-night, on high authority, that France intends to take decisive steps to insure Siam's carrying out the terms of the ultimatum. The blockade of the Siamese coast will be continued, it said, until the demands of France are satisfied. The French force now present in Siamese waters is supposed to be sufficient to make the blockade effective.

A prominent Paris merchant who owns warehouses in Bangkok, in an interview to-day expressed the opinion that decisive action is necessary to restore the prestige which France enjoyed in Siam after the adoption of the commercial treaty of 1860. French trade has recently declined heavily, he said, in consequence of English and German enterprises and intrigues to destroy French influence. He believed that the strong tone of the ultimatum would tend greatly to restore the influence of the French in Siam. The opinion here is that the issue of the controversy is a triumph for the French over English diplomats.

It is believed in diplomatic circles that there will be no disagreement between France and England in the delimitation of the frontier. It is also believed that China will adopt her customary course of laissez faire and not meddle with the matter.

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Northern Pacific,

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

Special Notices.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50.

If you only knew how nice it is--Tamilkande Tea.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Alex. Moore, the Winnipeg city scavenger, had his back broken in a runaway.

The Methodist church in Port Hope was damaged by fire to the extent of over $3,000.

In Elgin county the harvest is the best known for many years. Wheat is said to average over 30 bushels to the acre.

Word has been received in Montreal to the effect that Lady Mount Stephen is seriously ill and may not return to Canada.

Samuel Kirkland, treasurer of the township of Culross, a prominent farmer and pioneer settler, died suddenly of heart failure.

James McShane, president of the Montreal St. Patrick's society, sent £210 to Edward Blake for the home rule fund from the society.

The minister of railways and canals expects that the Canadian Sault Ste. Marie canal will be ready for traffic by May 1 next year.

P. Jamieson, a Toronto clothier, charges the street railway company of that city with having made a profit on the clothing and caps supplied to the men.

It is stated that J. H. Coppinger, secretary of the state senate of Illinois, has declined the post of United States consul at Toronto, in succession to Col. Charles R. Pope.

W. C. Reid of Fergus, charged with offering to purchase counterfeit money from an American green goods man, was fined $5 and costs by Judge Chadwick at Guelph.

It is estimated that there is about $52,000 worth of fur in Edmonton, the value of part of which is made up of 200 wood buffalo robes, 600 musk ox and 18 silver fox furs.

A Regina dispatch says that circulars have been sent out to members of the Northwest assembly, requesting them to be in readiness for the session, which is likely to be called for the 10th of August.

John Scully, dealer in contractors' supplies, Toronto, has assigned as a result of carrying too much real estate. His property at present is valued at $90,000, against which there are mortgages of $50,000.

The Bohemian, of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation company's line, which ran aground a couple of weeks ago near Coteau, has been floated. She is not seriously damaged and will resume her trips at once.

It is reported that Henry Charles Aiken, a private banker in Tottenham, who fled in August, 1892, after uttering forged paper, principally on the Bank of Hamilton, for $30,000, is about to return to Canada and surrender himself.

Dr. T. T. Coleman of Seaforth is dead, aged 68. He had been for years engaged in the salt industry and was lieutenant-colonel of the Thirty-third battalion. He was the first reeve of Seaforth and had been mayor several times.

The Caughnawaga Indians will petition the Dominion government to disallow the action of the Quebec government in imposing the Quebec business tax upon them, on the ground that it is unconstitutional violation of their rights.

Nellie Kimms, a young woman who came to Brandon from the old country in May last, and since employed as a domestic servant, sought to commit suicide by taking a dose of strychnine. The timely arrival of a physician and the employment of an emetic saved her life.

Statistics just prepared show the value of the fishery yield of Canada of the past year to be $18,041,171, a decrease of $36,007 as compared with the previous year. In connection with the modus vivendi, 108 licenses were issued, as compared with 36 in 1888. The yield of the fisheries in 1892 was more than four times greater than in 1869.

At a meeting in Montreal of the district grand lodge of Odd Fellows, Manchester Unity, the subject of the amalgamation of the Canadian and Montreal districts was discussed at length and resulted in the question being settled in such a way that Manchester Unity will be a united body after Sept. 1 next in the Dominion of Canada, unless in the meantime the board of directors in England advances good and sufficient reasons against such a move.

A petition has been presented to the Manitoba court in the suit of Allan against the Manitoba & Northwestern Railway Company, on behalf of the English bondholders. The petitioners are Lieut.-Col. Grey, of East Sheen, Surrey, and Sir John Robert Heron Maxwell, Bart., of Hamilton House, Tooting, Surrey, England. They ask that the receiver of the road make separate accounts of the moneys received, and that he expend nothing on the parts of the road in which they are not interested.

Thomas White of Toronto, secretary of the Continental Union club, was in Detroit the other day. "What is your club doing now?" he was asked. "At present we are doing little or nothing, and we cannot do much until the present financial trouble in the States comes to a head. It is nothing really connected with important questions of union between the two countries, but the people take it up. When we point out to a man the situation of Canada in the trade question he points to the States and says the States is as bad off as Canada. This is not so, but he thinks so, and for this reason we decided some time ago to ease up for a while until the money question is settled."

The attorney-general's department of Ontario has been notified of a sensational murder case in Muskoka, and a request has been made for government detectives to investigate. In October a party of Oka Indians from Gibson reservation went on a hunting expedition. Accompanying them was White Oak and an Indian named Mitchell Franks, alias Skonimah, who, it is claimed, was intimate with the wife of an Indian named Louis Neuz. Franks and Neuz were in the same canoe during a hunt. Neuz never returned. Subsequently the body was found in the river with the skull broken. Franks had in the meantime left Muskoka but recently returned and married Neuz's widow. A warrant has been issued by Boyer, J. P., at the instance of a resident of Gibson and Franks has been lodged in jail at Bracebridge. Fifty witnesses were summoned for the preliminary examination.

The Globe, referring to Mercier in New England, says: His hearers were French-Canadians, who must have known he was talking nonsense when he attributed the exodus to other than industrial and commercial causes. The paper adds that it is equally absurd to contend that the grievances Mercier speaks of would be removed by independence. British influence has nothing to do with the abolition of official French and separate schools in Manitoba, nor would these institutions be restored by the withdrawal of Britain from Canada. The French-Canadians might choose to make their restoration a condition of continuing partnership, but they would be met by a flat refusal, and if neither party yielded independent Canada would be impossible. The agitation for independence carried on in the States and supported by such reasoning is doomed to failure. The only effect it can have is to produce discontent among the French-Canadians and hinder a cordial union of the races.

General American Dispatches.

Glasgow, July 31.—The new Cunard steamer Lucania, under easy steam, and escorted by four tugs, left Glasgow this afternoon for Greenock, where she will begin her speed trial forthwith. The builders of the steamer are confident that her specially strengthened hull will successfully resist the vibration from the engine, and allow her to run continuously at full speed.

Monclova, Mex., July 31.—A wreck occurred on Saturday night on the Mexican International railway, near the Ravine station. A waterspout had washed away several rods of track, and the east bound passenger train dashed into the gap. Express Messenger Furnival and Engineer James McLaughlin were fatally and Fireman Martin seriously injured. A tramp who was stealing a ride was killed. None of the passengers were injured.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 31.—Edward A. Miller, a well known journalist, committed suicide by shooting to-day at his boarding house, 1216 Walnut street. He was 26 and unmarried, and was until recently city editor of the Record. He afterwards filled a position on the Press, and later published a weekly periodical called the "American Spectator." Insanity is supposed to have been the cause.

Syracuse, N.Y., July 31.—Policeman James A. Harley, of the detective force, this city, was shot by Geo. A. Barnes on Water street within ten feet of the station at 12 this morning. The policeman was about to arrest Barnes when the latter fired a revolver, killing Harvey.

New York, July 31.—The steamship City of Alexandria, which arrived from Havana this morning, brought nine Chinamen in the second cabin. Custom house officers will thoroughly investigate their right to land.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. "s&w

A Real Snake In the Beer.

A story of a peculiar poisoning case at Caseyville, a small mining town a few miles north of this city, reached here today, says a Terre Haute (Ind.) special to the Chicago Herald. Two miners, whose names could not be learned, went into the saloon there and called for beer. A fresh keg had just been tapped, and they drank four glasses each. In a short time both men were taken violently ill, and their condition grew worse until both of them died. As there had been nobody else in the saloon, and the illness of the men was so apparently from the effects of the beer they drank, the saloonkeeper burst in the head of the keg in order to ascertain if anything was wrong with the liquor. When the beer had been taken out a large copperhead snake was found in the bottom.

Mr. Joseph Remmerich

An old soldier, came out of the War great; enfeebled by **Typhoid Fever**, and after being in various hospitals the doctors discharged him as incurable with **Consumption**. He has been in poor health since, until he began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Immediately his cough grew looser, night sweats ceased, and he regained good general health. He cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla, especially to comrades in the **G. A. R.**

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

maintains its high standard as

A Perfect Beef Food

STAMINAL

Is a Food and a Tonic combined.

It contains the feeding qualities of *Beef and Wheat* and the tonic qualities of *Hypophosphites* in the form of a

Palatable Beef Tea.

MILK GRANULES

Is the Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk

It contains nothing that is not naturally present in pure cow's milk

It is the natural food for an Infant deprived of its mother's milk.

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 22nd August, 1893, for the purchase of Debentures of the corporation of the City of Victoria amounting to $85,000 in sums of $1000 each, payable in fifty years from 3rd July, 1893, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per centum per annum payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable in currency or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling at the Bank of British North America, either at New York, U. S. A., or Montreal or Victoria, Canada.

The tenderer must state the price not at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, from July 3rd, 1893, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of the Educational Loan By-Law, 1893, with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office, City Clerk.
Victoria, B. C., July 17, 1893.

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Broad Street Local Improvement Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 22nd August, 1893, for the purchase of "Local Improvement Debentures," amounting to $10,788, payable in ten years from November 24, 1892, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable at Victoria, B. C. The tenderer must state the net price at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price, the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 5 per cent. from 24th November, 1892, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under auhority of "The Broad Street Local Improvement By-Law, 1892," and are secured by a special rate imposed by that by-law, and on that security only.

The total assessed value of the whole real property ratable under the above by-law, according to the assessment roll of 1892, is $685,384.

The corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, B. C., July 17th, 1893.

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block, Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf

The Creditors' Trusts Deeds Act, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Adam Grant Horne, of the city of Nanaimo, British Columbia, merchant, has by deed dated the 17th day of July, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to James Hill Lawson, of the city of Victoria, B.C., gentleman, for the benefit of his creditors, which said deed was executed by the said Adam Grant Horne and James Hill Lawson on the 17th day of July, 1893.

All persons having claims against the said Adam Grant Horne are required to send them in on or before the 17th day of August, 1893, to the said assignee, with full particulars in writing, signed by the party claiming.

And notice is hereby given that after the said date the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the creditors, having regard only to the debts, claims and demands of which the said assignee shall then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 18th day of July, 1893.

BELYEA & GREGORY,
Solicitors for the Assignee.
July 18-10t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, John Robert Kerr and Roderick Begg, doing business on Government street, in the city of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, under the name and style of Kerr & Begg, has been dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to us are authorized and directed to pay the amount of their accounts to John Robert Kerr, to whom they have been assigned, who will carry on the business at the old stand in his own name.

JOHN ROBERT KERR.
RODERICK BEGG.
July 19th-2w.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent,
Cor. Fort and Gov't St.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Fan dora streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

A Novel

—FOR—

3⅓ cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

The Victoria Times Coupon.

Your Address, In ..... Town or City

Your Name ..... Street

Numbers of the 3 Books Wanted .....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDFELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MESSON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

AUCTION SALES.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE OF

Valuable Real Estate

SITUATED IN VICTORIA CITY.

I am instructed by the assignees of the Estate of A. J. Smith, Esquire, to sell by Public Auction, on a day to be named by the assignees, at the Salesroom, 40 Yates Street, all his Valuable Real Estate.

Particulars and descriptions of the property will be given in a few days.

W. R. CLARKE,
jy31 Auctioneer.

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,

5 Gordon St., Victoria.

This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may 1-3m

ENGINEERING CONGRESS.

All Delegates Pay Their Own Fares and Hotel Bills.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The international engineering congress opened to-day at the Art Institute. It is the most important of any of the congresses so far held, and is intended to cover all the fields of engineering except electricity, which will have a special congress. Hardly a power on the face of the globe is unrepresented, and it is believed that the general interchange of views on the great engineering problems of the age will be of the greatest value to the scientific world. The division of naval and marine engineering and naval architecture has been organized by engineer in chief George W. Melville, the noted Arctic explorer. The names of the eminent engineers and ship builders from different parts of this and foreign countries that were registered at the institute to-day would make nearly two columns of type.

All the United States engineers and other officials now in Chicago in attendance upon the engineering congress, have been compelled to pay their own fares, and will pay their own bills until they return to the capital. A score or more of the delegates who are to read papers before the congress, applied recently to Secretary Lamont for leave of absence and mileage on the grounds that the papers they proposed to read would be of great benefit to the service. The President's ex-private secretary, however, put his foot squarely on the applications. He said he was willing enough to give them leave of absence, but only upon the distinct understanding that they would pay their own fares and hotel bills. Hence it is that the government is represented and yet not represented (officially) at the present congress. There is a good deal of grumbling amongst those affected by the secretary's action, but no open objection has been made.

The Old Truro Graveyard.

There has just been resurrected a letter written by Joseph Howe on the old graveyard at Truro, Nova Scotia. "The graveyard," says Mr. Howe, "lies immediately in the rear, and see, my gentle traveler, the gate is half unclosed, as though it would invite us to pass through and linger a moment among the lowly beds of those whose spirits have departed to a better world. He must have a dull and sluggish soul—who can look without emotion on the quiet graves of the early settlers of this country—who can tread upon their mouldering bones without a thought of their privations and their toils, who can, from their tombs, look out upon the rural loveliness—the fruitfulness and peace by which he is surrounded, nor drop a tear to the memories of the dead, who won by the stoutness of their hearts and the sweat of their brows, the blessings their children have only to cherish and enjoy; who plunged into the forest, not as we do now, for a summer day's ramble, or for an hour of tranquil musing, but to win a home from the ruggedness of uncultivated nature, and in spite of the dusky savage thirsting for their blood. Oh! for the muse of Gray to pour out a befitting tribute to the dead. He caught from the sanctity and softened associations of an English graveyard an inspiration that rendered him immortal; but the graves among which he stood were the resting places of men whose lives had been tranquil and undisturbed; who had grown up amidst the fruitfulness of a civilized and cultivated country, and had enjoyed the protection of institutions long firmly established, and the security and cheering influence of ancient usage. How much deeper would have been the tones of his harp, had he stood where we now stand, had he been surrounded by the graves of those who found this country a wilderness and left it a garden; who pitched their tents among the solitudes of nature and left to their children her fairest charms, heightened by the soft touches of art; who had to build up institutions as they built up their lowly dwellings, but nevertheless bequeathed to their descendants the security of settled government, the advantages of political freedom, the means of moral and religious improvement, which they labored to secure but never to enjoy. We have no abbeys or cathedrals where our warriors and statesmen are preserved. We have no monumental piles, fraught with the deeds of other days, to claim a tribute from the passer-by. The lapse of ages, political vicissitudes, violent struggles, and accumulated wealth are necessary to the possession of these; but in every village in our infant country we have the quiet graves of those who subdued the wilderness, who beautified the land by their toils, and left not only the fruits of their labors but the thoughts and feelings which cheered them in their solitude, to cheer and stimulate us amidst the inferior trials and multiplied enjoyments of a more advanced state of society. May we while contrasting the present with the past never forget the debt of gratitude we owe, and while standing beside the humble graves of our early settlers may we feel our spirits awakened by the recollection of their lives, our thoughts ennobled by the remembrance of their trials, and our holiest and best resolves strengthened with a portion of their strength."

GHOSTS IN A CHURCH.

Very Grisly, Hollow-Eyed Story From the Keystone State.

A church war at Bellevue, in Jefferson township, has taken a new and unexpected turn, says the Connellsville (Pa.) correspondent of the Philadelphia Press. Certain recent events have caused one party to the controversy to claim the direct interposition of the Almighty in their behalf, and the community is more excited than ever.

Last evening a black cloud came up out of the west and hung directly over the little stone edifice. As the sun went down a terrific storm burst from the cloud. Furious blasts of wind whirled a funnel-shaped torrent of rain down upon the building; vivid lightning flashed until the church seemed a mass of flame, and deafening peals of thunder shook the hills.

Meantime everything was calm and peaceful elsewhere in the community. A cluster of oaks surround the disputed church. During the storm seven of them were struck by lightning. This morning a crowd of citizens gathered to view the work of the elements.

The sight struck many of them with superstitious awe. One aged Unionist, with bared head and uplifted arm, declared that the doom of the Bennett faction had been written on the trees. Bennett was sent for. He came and laughed the theories of the Unionists to scorn. The storm, he said, was merely an ordinary exhibition of natural forces and had no connection with the religious row. Two men who were passing the church during the storm and who took refuge in an outbuilding, tell a weird story of what they saw and heard.

They relate that while the storm was at its height the organ began to play strange music, and continued to do so until the strife of the elements had subsided, when the strains died away in strange and unearthly wails. While this was going on a gigantic human form was born up on a dark cloud.

The figure waved its hands violently toward the church and cried: "Thou shalt not steal." Squire S. S. Patterson, leader of the Unionists, donated $60 to purchase an organ, and his followers now believe the instrument was played by ghostly hands as a protest against its misappropriation by the Bennett followers. They also believe that the spectral figure in the clouds was that of Henry B. Goe, founder of the church, torn away from his rest by the violation of his ancient lease.

It is a curious fact that just 50 years ago this summer a fierce religious war was waged in that vicinity over the possession of the Fairview Methodist Episcopal church, and that one of the leaders of the strife was caught in a thunder storm and killed by a thunderbolt within sight of the church.

Twenty-five years ago a boy ten years old killed his little sister by throwing her over a ledge of rocks a few yards from the disputed church. The marvelous work of the lightning, together with the strange stories told by the two men has caused a feeling of awe among the Bennett faction, and it is probable that they will give up possession of the church to the Unionists in spite of the protests of the pastor.

A SONG OF THREE VOICES.

Wave and wind and willow tree
Speak a speech that no man knoweth;
Tree that sigheth, wind that bloweth,
Wave that floweth to the sea:
Wave and wind and willow tree.

Peerless perfect poets ye,
Singing songs all songs excelling,
Fine as crystal music dwelling
In a welling fountain free;
Peerless perfect poets three.

Wind and wave and willow tree
Know not aught of poet's rhyming,
Yet they make a silver chiming
Sunward climbing minstrelsy,
Soother than all songs that be.

Blow the wind it knows not why,
Flows the wave it knows not whither,
And the willows swayeth hither;
Swayeth hither, weakly,
Nothing knowing save to sigh.

—William Watson.

Cultivation of Opium.

Pearson's Weekly:—As the cultivation of tobacco is prohibited in England, except under special license from the excise authorities, so the cultivation of the poppy in British India is forbidden unless a license has been taken out. When a cultivator takes out a permit from the opium department to cultivate a certain area (usually two-thirds of an acre of his land) he receives an advance in money to secure his allegiance, and he binds himself to deliver to the opium agent, at a fixed price, ordinarily five shillings a pound, whatever opium may be produced upon his land.

Whenever official supervision is efficient it is certainly very difficult for a man to cultivate poppy on a larger scale than is covered by his license without detection. The cultivation cannot be concealed. It is a sort of garden cultivation, the poppy plants being grown in little squares or beds, intersected by tiny water channels for irrigation whenever this is possible. The growth of the plant is carefully tended and at length the time comes when they burst into flower, and the field looks like a sheet of silver as the white petals of the flowers glisten in the morning dew.

These beautiful petals are the first product of the crop, for the women and children of the cultivators' families come forth and carefully pick them off one by one and carefully dry them, so that they may serve afterwards as the covering of the manufactured cakes of opium. Then the poppies, with their bare capsule heads, remain standing in the open field until it is considered that they are ripe for lancing. The cultivators then come forth in the evening, and, with an implement not unlike the knives of a cupping instrument, they scarify the capsule on its sides with deep incisions, so that the juice may exude.

In the early morning the cultivators reappear with a scraping-knife and their earthenware pots, and they scrape off the exuded juice and collect it in their pots. And this is crude opium.

The Brooklyn Bridge.

The great Brooklyn suspension bridge has now been in use 10 years, and the amount of traffic across it has far surpassed all the calculations of engineers and others in advance of the completion of the structure. In the 10 years the receipts of the bridge from all sources have been about $10,000,000; of this about one-half has been spent in maintenance and the other half in improvements. The original cost of the structure was $15,000,000, and the total cost up to the present time about $20,000,000. There have been a total of about 280,000,000 passengers carried in the cars since the railroad was put in operation, the number increasing from 8,000,000 in 1881 to over 40,000,000 last year. The car fare was five cents at first, but was reduced to half this sum a few years ago. Foot passengers were originally charged one cent, and later one-fifth of a cent, but in 1891 the promenade was made free. Before that time about 3,000,000 people walked over the structure each year, and it is supposed that the number has been greater since, although no record can be kept, making a total of about 40,000,000 who have walked across the bridge. The earnings of the roadway from tolls, now only one-half of what they formerly were, are about $80,000 a year. From car fares over $1,250,000 was received last year. The bridge was begun in 1870, and was 13 years in construction.

THE RETORT INCISIVE.

Punch's Editor Brought to the Ground by W. S. Gilbert.

Maurice Barrymore tells this story. When Bancroft, the London manager, bought the play "The Colonel" from Burnand, editor of Punch, he gave a supper at which Burnand was the guest of honor, sitting at Bancroft's right. At the other end of the table sat W. S. Gilbert and Joe Comyns Carr. The supper was given, it was soon made apparent, to star and feature Burnand.

At frequent intervals Bancroft would break out into almost hysterical laughter at some remark of Burnand's, and the "filling in" nobodies who sat about the table, presuming Bancroft's cue sufficient indication for them to know how to pay for their supper, were soon all in uproarious laughter at everything Burnand said, even when he repeated jokes from Punch.

Gilbert felt his nose very much out of joint and yet could not think of a witticism to draw the fire of laughter. But he thought of this: Turning to Carr, he said: "Joe, whatever I say, you laugh at it."

Carr understood. Timing himself when the next roar from the other end of the table was subsiding, Gilbert whispered to Carr: "Pass the mustard." Carr nearly fell in a fit of laughter, and Gilbert looked slyly conscious. It distracted Burnand, who came back with a horribly weak joke, which passed with only half a laugh from the chorus, who were anxious to hear what Gilbert was saying to convulse Carr.

Gilbert leaned over to his companion and whispered: "It's been a beastly day, Joe." Carr's merriment seemed to threaten apoplexy, and Burnand was visibly put out.

Bancroft called down the table: "I say, Carr, what's Gilbert getting off to you that's so dence funny?"

"Oh, nothing much," answered Carr, wiping his eyes, with the manner of a man who had some thing too good to give away.

Burnand returned to the charge, and fired off something which his anxiety to be funny made dismal. Gilbert noted the failure and whispered to Carr: "Can you reach the salt?" Carr pushed back his chair and held his sides in an agony of merriment.

Burnand was done for. He tried another joke and went to pieces, while Gilbert and Carr repeated their business. Burnand lost his temper and exclaimed: "I say, Gilbert, what's all that you're telling to Carr? Some of those funny things you send me for Punch—that don't get in."

It was a fatal opening. Gilbert answered instantly: "I don't know who sends the funny things to Punch; but I know they don't get in."

In St. Anne in Brittany.

The chanting processionists passed into the church with their load, and a large number of the bystanders were sucked in after them; but there seemed just as big a crowd outside as before. It was a crowd worth stopping to look at as a mass and in detail. There were a few very old-fashioned Bretons in knickerbocker suits of coarse unbleached linen, but trousers were almost universal, and as a rule only the upper garments were distinctly national. Perhaps the commonest article of male attire was the curate's hat with long black velvet tails, and this was matched by an Eton jacket of black broadcloth with black velvet facings.

Now and then a group would gleam through the crowd with gorgeous golden bands and crescents embroidered across the breast, a decoration worn by both men and women. An equally striking suit, of which the men seemed to have the monopoly, was made of white flannel, blanket-bordered, and embellished about the pockets and cuffs with rows of silver bangles and black velvet. Black was the prevailing hue among both sexes.

Dark green aprons or dark purple shawls were here and there to be seen, but so quiet was the general color of the crowd that only the women's caps prevented the scene from being sombre. Every Breton village is said to have its own style of cap, and the fashion varies from a little dab of embroidery stuck on the top of the head to a magnificent structure like a muslin poke bonnet, with great butterfly-wing extensions.

All are dazzling in whiteness; all, that is except the caps of Le Faouet. There the women wear a variety of the "poke" which looks like a black saucepan, lined with bright red or green and sustaining a mighty flap behind which comes round shawlwise and covers the shoulders. The virtues of the sabot had been sung in my ears from one end of the province to the other, but it is evidently not comfortable to travel in; on this occasion, at any rate, every Breton peasant seemed to have discarded wood for leather.—Macmillan's Magazine.

One Hundred Years Old.

Dr. DeBossy, of Havre, has passed his hundredth year. He is still in active practice, and at a dinner given in honor of his hundredth birthday, he made a speech in which he stated that his father had lived a hundred and seven years and he intended to do the same.

The Graceful Girls of Siam.

The Siamese girls are the most graceful women in the world. Their joints are very supple, and a part of their education is made up of bending their joints back and forth to make them so. They are all short haired, and when young they are as plump as partridges and as straight as the palm trees of their own beautiful land. As they grow older they become wrinkled and ugly, and most of them ruin their teeth by chewing the betel. Only the fewest of them are educated, and I don't think that they would be happy in our tight French-heel shoes, and they would die if bound in by our corsets and crinolines.

The wonderful cures of thousands of people—they tell the story of the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Hood's Cures.

MAKING THINGS PLEASANT.

The Nice Send-Off Which Some College Boys Gave a Bride.

Passengers on the steamer Puritan en route for New York were the audience at New Port Tuesday night of a bit of college burlesquing which may perhaps be characterised as somewhat rude, but which was certainly very funny. There was a goodly crowd of university men upon the deck, and another crowd was waiting upon the dock. When the two crowds recognized each other there was much chaffing, cheering, and giving of the college yells. Things were getting on very nicely, however, when, just as the big steamer was about to swing off, the dock was invaded by a bridal party. The boys watched with much curiosity the alighting from carriages, the congratulations, the huggings, the kissings, the heartrending farewells. They behaved pretty well until, just as the bride was going up the gangway on the arm of the groom, an enthusiastic female friend rushed up after them, and, casting a handful of rice in their wake, cried in a fresh, joyous voice:

"Good-bye, Bessie!"

This was too much. "Good-bye, Bessie!" yelled half a hundred boyish voices. "Good-bye, Bessie!" and amid a pandemonium of good wishes the young couple disappeared between decks. But interest in the affair did not end there.

"What's the matter with Bessie?" yelled one young rascal upon the boat to the crowd upon the dock.

"Nothing's the matter with Bessie. She's all right!" came the prompt answer, given with an evident relish from those below.

"What' the name of the groom?" came the question.

"We don't know," was the answer, and then, after a slight pause, was added with the same old gusto and evident conviction: "But he's all right!"

And so on for half an hour questions concerning Bessie were asked and answered by her new-made friends, and, though very little information was elicited the universal opinion was that she and everything about her from the groom down was satisfactory and entirely "All right!"

The young couple was left in peace, but in the morning the gilded cage was empty, the birds had flown, and Bessie is now probably carrying her own hand bag and pretending to be a very old married woman.—Mail and Express.

After Breakfast

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Continue the medicine after every meal for a month or two and you will feel "like a new man." The merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is proved by its thousands of wonderful cures. Why don't you try it?

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation. They are the best after-dinner pill and family cathartic.

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

The flowers that bloom in the spring, tra la,
Have nothing to do with the case;
'Tis the soft summer showers that spoil the fine gowns,
Then the ladies give Rigby first place.

RIGBY

Porous Waterproof Garments

For Ladies and Gentlemen,
ARE INDISPENSABLE.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

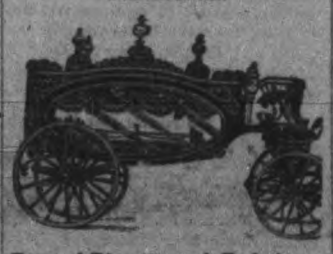
And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

No. 1 Passenger Daily. Ar.	Lv.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday & Sundays. Ar.	Lv.
12.30 p m	12.40 p m	0	WELLINGTON	3.00 p m	3.05 p m
12.50	12.55	3	EXTENSION	2.40	2.45
1.10	1.15	8	CEDAR HILL	2.20	2.25
1.14	1.16	9	BOWKER	2.15	2.20
1.18	1.20	11	QUAMICHAN	2.10	2.15
1.30	1.35	16	GLENORA	2.00	2.05
1.40	1.45	19	COBBLE HILL	1.50	1.55
1.50	1.55	23	MERRIDALE	1.40	1.45
2.00	2.05	27	CHEMAINUS	1.30	1.35
2.20	2.25	35	WHITEPAS	1.10	1.15
2.35	2.40	42	CROFTON	1.00	1.05
2.45	2.50	46	MAPLE BAY	12.50	12.55
2.55	3.00	50	DUNCANS	12.40	12.45
3.15	3.20	57	KOKSILAH	12.20	12.25
3.25	3.30	61	GLENORA	12.10	12.15
3.35	3.40	65	COBBLE HILL	12.00	12.05
3.45	3.50	69	SHAWNIGAN	11.50	11.55
4.00	4.05	75	MALAHAT	11.40	11.45
4.20	4.25	83	GOLDSTREAM	11.20	11.25
4.30	4.35	87	SOOKE ROAD	11.10	11.15
4.40	4.45	91	GORGE	11.00	11.05
4.50	4.55	93	SUMMIT	10.50	10.55
5.00	5.05	95	PLEASANT VALLEY	10.40	10.45
5.10	5.15	97	HILLSIDE	10.30	10.35
5.20	5.25	99	VICTORIA	10.20	10.25
5.25	5.30	101	RUSSELLS	10.15	10.20
5.30	5.35	103	SEMLIN	10.10	10.15
5.35	5.40	105	BURNSIDE	10.05	10.10
5.40	5.45	107	GORGE	10.00	10.05
5.50	5.55	109	VICTORIA	9.50	9.55
6.00	6.05	111	VICTORIA WEST	9.40	9.45
6.05	6.10	113	CHEMAINUS BAY SIDING	9.35	9.40
6.25	6.30	121	NANAIMO	9.15	9.20
6.40	6.45	126	WELLINGTON	9.00	9.05
P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	A.M.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

No. 2 Passenger Daily. Ar.	Lv.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	No. 4 Passenger Saturday & Sundays. Ar.	Lv.
9.00 a m	9.05 a m	0	VICTORIA	3.40 p m	3.45 p m
9.04	9.06	2	RUSSELLS	3.35	3.40
9.10	9.15	5	SEMLIN	3.30	3.35
9.14	9.16	6	BURNSIDE	3.25	3.30
9.18	9.20	8	GORGE	3.20	3.25
9.30	9.35	14	PLEASANT VALLEY	3.10	3.15
9.40	9.45	18	SUMMIT	3.00	3.05
9.50	9.55	20	GORGE	2.50	2.55
9.57	10.00	22	SOOKE ROAD	2.45	2.50
10.01	10.06	26	GOLDSTREAM	2.40	2.45
10.11	10.16	34	MALAHAT	2.30	2.35
10.17	10.22	38	SHAWNIGAN	2.25	2.30
10.27	10.32	42	COBBLE HILL	2.20	2.25
10.37	10.42	46	GLENORA	2.15	2.20
10.47	10.52	50	KOKSILAH	2.10	2.15
10.57	11.02	54	DUNCANS	2.00	2.05
11.17	11.22	63	MAPLE BAY	1.40	1.45
11.32	11.37	70	CROFTON	1.25	1.30
11.42	11.47	78	WHITEPAS	1.15	1.20
11.56	12.01 p m	86	CHEMAINUS	1.00	1.05
12.06 p m	12.16	94	MERRIDALE	12.50	12.55
12.26	12.36	102	COBBLE HILL	12.40	12.45
12.36	12.46	106	CEDAR HILL	12.30	12.35
12.46	12.56	112	EXTENSION	12.20	12.25
1.05	1.15	122	WELLINGTON	12.00	12.05
P.M.	P.M.			P.M.	P.M.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager.
General Agent.

DAILY SERVICE BY
—THE—

Great Northern Railway

—TO—

THE WORLD'S FAIR

And All Points East,
Also to Local Points in
WASHINGTON, IDAHO, MONTANA AND DAKOTA.

Entirely New Equipment.
All First-Class Service.
Free Colonist Sleepers.

FINEST TRAINS EVER RUN TO PACIFIC COAST

COAST LINES—
Seattle & Montana Railway,
Fairhaven & Southern Railway,
New Westminster & Southern Railway.

For further information apply to
C. A. HATTRAY, Gen'l Agt.,
No. 4, Adelphi Block,
Government Street, Victoria, B.C.
P. P. SHELBY, Gen'l Mgr.,
S. & M. Ry., F. & S. Ry., & N.W.S. Ry.,
Seattle.
H. A. JOHNSON,
Div. Fr't & Pass. Agt., Great Northern,
Seattle.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - Aug. 2
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, Times. 42 Third street, Victoria.

THE

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (in charge of care) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
— ELEGANT DAY COACHES —

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 16 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "City of Kingston,"			TONNAGE 1114	
6 00 am	Lv	M1	...Tacoma...	110	Ar 5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	32	Lv 2 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria!...	M1	Lv 8 30 pm

Port Townsend-Mail Route.

	Lv	M1			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	*Seattle....	68	Ar	9 pm
12 30 am	Lv	30	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	..Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	32	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent.
121 First Washington, Portland, Or

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South

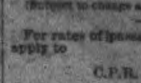
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1102 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS
Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

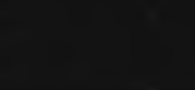
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" " Comox for Vader Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, at the Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY



Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, August 2, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw steamer Mariposa..... Saturday, 22nd Aug., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

China, Japan and Australian Steamship Line.

STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"

(3300 Tons) will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, June 24th, 1893.

STEAMSHIP "WARRINOO"

(3300 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, July 14th, and regular monthly sailings hereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.

Empress of Japan leaves Vancouver, June
" India " " July
" China " " Aug.
" Japan " " Aug.
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

For rates of passage and further information apply to
ALLAN CAMERON,
C.P.R. Agent, Government Street.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass Agent, Vancouver.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m31-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 194, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 183; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale a22-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m. on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja14 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 128, G.R.A. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
1-1y E. L. BLOCK, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 2,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend.
E. PEMBERTON, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
R. G. SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. MARY MACNEILL.
Diseases of women and children. Office: 90 Douglas Street. ju21 3m

DR. H. B. FINDLEY,
Dentist,
88 Government Street, Rooms 1 and 2, Victoria B. C. Specialties—Crown and Bridge Work, Porcelain and Enamel Inlays. ly3-1m

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C., the points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweler,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. my1

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
Splendid Summer Resort.
Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KONIG, Proprietor. ja30-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

Delsarte
College of Oratory
FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President,
(President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)
Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture.
School of Physical Culture.
School of Dramatic Art.
Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS,
July 31st and August 1st
TUESDAY CHILDREN'S MATINEE.
Samuel & Giovannis'

TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW,
A most wonderful collection of Trained Animals, consisting of
Shetland Ponies, Dogs, Goats, Monkeys,
And Signor Giovannis' troupe of Twenty-five Trained Tropical and Australian Cockatoos.
Something new, novel and entertaining, which never fails to please and amuse the children and bring demonstrations of approval and roars of laughter from the older folks.
Door open at 7.30; performance begins at 8.30 sharp.
ADMISSION—Evening performance, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Children's Matinee, Tuesday afternoon at 2.30, admission 50c.; children 25c.
Grand Street Parade each day at noon.
jy22 4t

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

GIRL for general house work; small family. Apply 25 Richardson street. jy31-3t

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, 99 Kingston street, James Bay. jy31-tf

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

WANTED—A servant girl for family of three. Apply 41 Kings Road, Work Estate. jy31-2t

TO FARMERS—For sale, cheap, a good second hand binder; also a good reaper, price $20. Apply Ontario Wagon Shop, William Powell. j31-2t

FOR SALE—A good boarding house. Address "Alpha," Times office. jy31-3t

LOST—Irish setter bitch pup; 7 months old; on Work Estate; Saturday morning; finder rewarded; detainer prosecuted. A. W. Pauline, City. jy 29-3t

WANTED—A general servant. Apply Mrs. R. Foster, 51 Work street, Rock Bay. jy29-3t.

TO LET—One sixroomed house and stable at $8 per month; three six-roomed houses at $6; three five-roomed houses at $3.50; two four-roomed houses at $5. Apply to C. Farrington, 13 North road, Spring Ridge. jy28-4t.

FOR SALE—House and lot; James Bay; price $1,650. For particulars apply after 6 p.m. at Walker's Grocery Store, Esquimalt road. jy28-1w.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or any place of trust, by a trustworthy person. Address A. A., Times office. jy27-1w

ROTISSERIE—A first-class central place for a Rotisserie may be secured by application to A. De Cosmos. jy27-1w

WANTED—A teacher for Fort Simpson Public school. Duties to commence August 15th. Salary $60 per month. Address Jno. Flewin, Sec.-Treas., Fort Simpson School Board. jy27-10t

LESSONS given in cutting and making boys', youths', and men's trousers at 151 Pandora street, Mrs. Brown. jy27-6t

FOR SALE—Improved farm at Metchosin; 12 miles from Victoria; 50 acres; 10 acres cleared and under cultivation; frame house, chicken house and barn, etc. Cheap at $500. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy24-tf

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 160 acres, 8 acres cleared; 1 1-2 storey log house and four sheds; near McPherson's Station. Cheap at $1,200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy25-tf

TO LET—5 roomed house off Saanich road, only $7. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy25-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms and board by the day or week. 181 Fort street.

WANTED—Widow with two small children would like situation as housekeeper, country preferred. Address P. O. box 622.

CHEAP FOR CASH glazed window sash. Joseph Sears, 114 Yates St. jy12-1m

A LADY with a comfortable home desires the entire charge of a child. References. L. L. Times office. j6-1m

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierce Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. B. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16 ju-tf

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply E., this office. je9-tf

Telephone 204.
Ring us up!
We will sell you
Groceries and Provisions
At Prices
Never offered before
To the Public.
Ask our Quotations before placing your orders elsewhere.
Free and speedy delivery of all orders.
FRANCK'S GROCERY
Cor. Fort and Quadra Sts.

Black Currants.

Free from worms, rhubarb, fresh vegetables and a full line of groceries, at Mrs. P. Wilson's, 185 Douglas street.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

THE TUPPER RUMOR.

The Toronto papers reject without hesitation the report that Sir Charles Tupper is coming over to Canada to take Sir John Thompson's place, allowing the latter to retire to the bench. In its comments upon the rumor the Globe says: "The great need of the day is a reduction in expenditure in all services and these conditions are irreconcilable with the spirit and genius of the high commissioner. Notwithstanding the rumors now abroad and the undoubted dissatisfaction with Thompson which prevails within his own party, it is still our opinion that he will retain the premiership. The Conservatives of Quebec and the eastern provinces will not submit to his dethronement." Under the heading "A Serious Dilemma" the Mail says: "When Tupper last crossed the ocean he made the journey for the purpose of participating in the then pending Dominion election, and the opinion has gained ground that the object of the present trip is to conduct a political campaign. The present parliament is only two and a half years old and matters are in such shape that the government can hold on comfortably for two more sessions, and it must carry out its pledge of tariff revision or incur the risk of losing heavily in the country. A far more reasonable explanation of the visit of Tupper is that he is coming to promote the interests of the Chignecto Ship Railway Company. He was parliamentary sponsor for the undertaking. If the affair should fail through his position will certainly not be enviable." Whatever changes may be deemed advisable by the Conservative party, it will hardly think of replacing Thompson with Tupper, unless the former is unbendingly determined to get away from politics before the crash comes for his party.

THE SUPREME COURT VACANCY.

That was surely a timely and sensible suggestion offered by our Ottawa correspondent yesterday, that the vacancy on the Dominion Supreme Court bench should be filled by the appointment of a British Columbian. It would be too much to hope that the Dominion Government will fall in with this idea, but if Sir John Thompson does not care to be confined to this one province he might at least condescend to recognize the existence of the western part of the country by selecting a judge from some place west of Lake Superior. On this point the Winnipeg Free Press very well remarks: "That part of the Dominion west of Lake Superior, as the records of the Supreme Court show, has a large interest in that court. We shall not venture to make a nomination; but we are quite certain that from amongst the judges of the courts of Manitoba, the Territories and British Columbia, and their practitioners at the bar, some most suitable selection could be made; we are confident of this, not extending our thought even beyond Manitoba. Of course, the first consideration in making the selection is fitness, but upon that point no difficulty whatever would be entailed. That requirement being met it would surely be well to consider the question of local knowledge of the entire Dominion, as far as practicable, by the bench of the Supreme Court; and then, the claims of localities are not to be entirely lost sight of. We venture to repeat that from within the territory indicated an appointment could be made that would grace the Supreme Court; and, therefore, hope the Government will give the suggestion consideration."

Apropos of the reports that the catch of seals this season amounts to 80,000, the Oregonian observes: "That such an enormous catch should have been made entirely outside Behring Sea is scarcely to be credited, though nominally the United States is policing that body of water to prevent sealing therein. Doubtless much sealing has been done in the enclosed sea, notwithstanding the few slow vessels that are undertaking to patrol its broad expanse." The Oregonian is either not aware of or chooses to ignore the fact that a large proportion of the skins this season have been taken on the Asiatic side of the Pacific. It need not entertain the least doubt about their having been secured wholly outside of Behring Sea.

A London dispatch states that there is a movement on foot to wind up the Imperial Federation Legue, for the reason that the funds have run short. The work now on hand is to be finished before this step is taken. A committee of the league, it seems has been appointed to consider the question and draw up a report, and the significant statement is added that Sir Charles Tupper is not having anything to do with the meetings. Perhaps Sir Charles has at length come to appreciate correctly the insubstantial foundation on which the league rests.

The first of a serier of letters by Miss Cameron, of the Victoria High School, who left to visit the World's Fair and other eastern points a few weeks ago, appears in this issue. We are sure that the talented writer will make her letters well worth reading.

The Pay of British Ministers.

British cabinet officers and the higher grades of government servant are fairly well paid as salaries go. The various secretaries, or heads of the home, war, foreign and other offices, including Gladstone as first lord of the treasury, receive £5,000, or in round numbers $25,000 a year each. Prof. Bryce, as chancellor of the Duchy of Lancashire, has $10,000; Arnold Morley, postmaster-general, $12,500; John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, $21,125; the solicitor-general, $30,000, with fees in addition; and Sir Charles Russell as attorney-general, $35,000, with fees amounting to several thousands more. The speaker of the commons gets $30,000 and the chairman of the committee of ways and means, $12,500. Undersecretaries in the various departments and junior lords of the admiralty and treasury are paid from $5,000 to $10,000; $5,000 is about the lowest salary any second rank department officer receives. A rough estimate of the total British civil list, not going outside of the higher cabinet and departmental offices, brings it up to about $4,000,000 a year.

British Minister's Hard Lot.

Harry Furniss, in his London letter to the New York World says: Who would be a member of parliament, with the thermometer 100 degrees in the shade? This has been the most brilliant season since the jubilee year, and London is surprising itself in Gayety. Garden parties, afternoons, at homes, dinners, balls, receptions, operas, theatrical triumphs and other attractions which are too numerous to mention—all can revel in these save one individual—that is the M. P. "It's downright slavery," said a member of the government to me the other evening (a popular member whose name has figured in every society function list for years. "Look here, here is 'the black list' for last week (a list of the attendances of members of the government at a division for the week and for the session, sent to each member of the government every Monday), and Mr. Gladstone looked black at me this afternoon, for I am 'two down.' Yes, only missed two divisions—one when I was kept at the office on government business, and one when some constituents sent into the outer lobby for me just before the division. One of them, a stout old dame, fainted in my arms when I told the party there was no chance of getting them in, and before I could shake her off the third bell had gone and I was shut out. Dine with you? Bless me, my dear fellow, I mustn't put my nose outside this house—look here. Piles of invitations, enough to fill a waste-paper basket with 'em. Ah! private members can 'pair,' but no such luck for the members of the government. Slavery is the only word for this state of affairs, and now Mr. Gladstone, acts with his marvellous energy as a 'whip' and watches his party pass the tellers with the eye of a lynx. There can be no exception as long as home rule is to the fore. How different it was in previous governments! Then there was some kudos and some pleasure to be extracted from being a member of the government. Now a convict's life is a relief compared to ours!"

The Vision of Birds.

Birds have very acute vision; perhaps the most acute of any creature, and the sense is also more widely diffused over the retina than is the case with man; consequently a bird can see sideways as well as objects in front of it. A bird sees—showing great uneasiness in consequence—a hawk long before it is visible to man; so, too, fowls and pigeons find minute scraps of food, distinguishing them from what appear to us exactly similar pieces of earth or gravel.

Young chickens are also able to find their own food—knowing its position and how distant it is—as soon as they are hatched, whereas a child only very gradually learns either to see or to understand the distance of objects. Several birds—apparently the young of all those that nest on the ground—can see quite well, directly they come out of the shell, but the young of birds that nest in trees or on rocks are born blind and have to be fed.—Chambers' Journal.

Slavery in Siam.

Slavery has been abolished in name, but it can never be abolished in fact, for the slaves have no means of supporting themselves outside their masters' houses. Every member of the Siamese upper classes can fetter his servants or throw them into prison without any kind of trial or permission being necessary. One morning I went to call upon one of the ablest and most enlightened of the ministers, a man who has been to Europe, and who once actually got into serious trouble for trying to inaugurate a sort of woman's rights movement in Siam. I made my way by mistake into a part of his grounds where visitors were not expected, and I found a slave fastened down to the ground in an ingenious kind of pillory in which he could not move hand or foot, while another slave tortured him with severe strokes of a bamboo rod at the word of a member of the family in order to force him to confess to some misdeed.—The Contemporary Review.

BEAUTIFUL COMOX.

A Visitor's Notes—Some Causes for Growling.

Courtney, July 28.—A visit to Courtney and its vicinity would be a pleasure to anyone, and more particularly to the sportsman. The Courtney and Comox rivers abound with trout at this season, and later on there will be abundance of salmon. The scenery is splendid; the shrubbery is beautiful, now in full bloom, with its sweet perfume, and all along the roads, with the fields of growing or new-mown hay the air is delightful and health-restoring. Those able to take advantage of a few days could not do better than spend them in the Comox valley. The hotel accommodation is first-class, and the table is supplied with the very best. The milk and butter cannot be beaten anywhere, for the farmers one and all have introduced the Jersey breed into their stock, with good results.

There has been a loud growl all over the settlement at the Dominion Government for its apathy in improving the mail communication, and it is very apparent that there is good reason for the growl, when I tell you that the mail service today is the same as it was fifteen years ago—only once a week. True, in a measure they have telegraph communication, but this avenue at present becomes rather expensive, and it is to be hoped that the Dominion Government will soon see its way clear to pursuing a more liberal policy in mail accommodation.

Another source of annoyance is the dilapidated condition of what is locally known as the long bridge, half-way between Comox proper and Courtney. This structure is in a very bad condition, and is liable to collapse any minute, and if it does there is sure to be an accident, most likely a serious one. The roads on the whole are in fairly good condition.

A very singular occurrence took place near Courtney about a year ago, and that was the mysterious disappearance of an estimable lady, named Fitzgerald. It appears that when last seen nothing was apparently amiss with her; but from that hour to this no trace of her has been found. The general impression around Comox and Courtney is that she was foully dealt with. Whether such is the case or not, nothing so far as is known has been done by the authorities to solve the mystery. The painful fact has impressed itself on the community that murders may be committed around them without the Government of the province taking any steps to bring the guilty parties to trial.

On the whole the settlement is in good condition. The hay crop, though late, is good, and all the farmers are deep in the business of cutting and getting it under cover. OBSERVER.

MEETING OF MINERS.

To Consider Reduced Pay—Whiskey Smugglers Heavily Fined.

Nanaimo, Aug. 1.—A notice was posted on the pitheads of the different mines yesterday calling a meeting of all employees of the New V. C. Co. to be held on the "Green" at 4 p.m. to-day, to discuss the proposed reduction as laid down by the company. What the reduction will be is not yet known, but will be made public at the meeting this evening.

Mr. McAdie has been awarded the tender for the erection of the new jail. His tender was $17,365. Work will be commenced this month.

The shipments of coal to foreign ports for the past month show a large decrease. The whole shipments total only 53,800 tons, and are made up as follows: New V. C. Co., 25,376; Wellington, 17,792; East Wellington, 1525; Union, 9167.

The following fines were imposed on the whiskey smugglers: On the first charge Patterson was fined $300 and the other two $150 each. On the second charge Doherty was fined $300 and the others $150 each; or a total of $1050 and $8 costs. The steamer was confiscated.

The I.O.G.T. have arranged an extensive programme for their excursion on Thursday next. The day will be made more eventful than anything previously given by the society and no doubt will be enjoyed.

The Baptist Sunday school held their annual basket picnic on Newcastle Island this afternoon.

The Black Beetle.

The odious "black beetle," which is, properly speaking, not a beetle at all, is, like a number of other insect pests, not indigenous to England, though it is now a "resident alien." The only use which we ever heard found for black beetles was to feed the first birds of paradise brought to England by ship from the Malay Archipelago. No four-footed creature that we know will eat them except the hedge-hog, and cats, which are said to be poisoned by them. This is hardly strange, for everything which they touch is contaminated with their repulsive odor. Even hedge-hogs are a failure, though tradition makes them thrive on cockroaches.

An early ambition of the present writer's was to live in a house stocked with black beetles, in order to keep a hedge-hog. At last this came about. The new house swarmed with the insects; and we had the luck to find a hedge-hog in a cow shed, and brought it home. It would not uncurl in the kitchen, so we put it in a dark cupboard, where there were enough of the creatures to "feed right a great hog," as the cook, who was disappointed in the animals size, remarked disparagingly. But the hedge-hog never uncurled. We looked at him night and day and found beetles running over him, and speculating when they would begin to eat him. At last we carried him to the lawn, where he did move, and walked into the tennis net, and had to be cut out, to the great destruction of the meshes. Black beetle killing is a limited but respectable calling in London; and a leading member of the craft sends his card round at intervals to owners of the larger mansions in London, to intimate that, in his opinion, the time has come when his services ought to be required in the houses which he has attended during many changes of ownership or occupation. One habit of the beetle, if the observers are correct, itself tends to their destruction. The eggs are carried under the body of the female, and not dropped at haphazard. So that, if the creatures are once exterminated, their quarters can only be repeopled by immigrants. On the other hand, it is asserted that the cockroach "gums" its eggs in cases to the walls. Which of the statements is true, the writer has not yet been able to discover.—London Spectator.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

New York, Aug. 1.—Members of the Ancient Order of United Workmen who are engaged in the retail liquor business will have to give up that business or else get out of the organization forthwith. There is no other alternative. This is in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Lodge held last month at Toronto, which gave those members who are in the saloon business until to-day to do one thing or the other. Those that refuse will be ignominiously expelled at the next meeting of their lodges, and hereafter all applications for membership from retail liquor dealers will be refused.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Last night the Columbia Exposition rounded up one-half of the period of life allowed to it by law, and to-day it commences on its second and final three months. While the attendance so far has been treble that of the Centennial it is believed that for each of the three months to come the number of visitors will be as large as the aggregate to date. Daily excursions are being run by all the roads entering Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The resignation as chief of police of R. W. McClaughry, the noted penitentiary reformer and advocate of humanitarianism went into effect to-day when he retired from office. Inability to agree with Mayor Harrison in the latter's moderate attitude towards gambling and other elements is the chief reason for his retirement from the head of the police.

New York, Aug. 1.—A firm tone characterized the opening dealings at the Stock Exchange. A general advance of 1-4 to 1 per cent. took place. American sugar began at 4; Erie; general electric and Missouri Pacific were noted firm.

New Rochelle, N. Y., Aug. 1.—John Stevenson, the well-known car builder, died this morning, aged 84. Death was the result of general dissolution caused by old age.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1.—Secretary Carlisle has been called to Gray Gables to consult with the president about his forthcoming message. He left at 4 this afternoon.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 1.—Application was made to the United States circuit court by Trenor, Luther and Park of New York for the appointment of an auxiliary receiver for the New York, Lake Erie & Western railway.

Newark, Ohio, Aug. 1.—Word has just been received that five men were killed near here in a threshing machine boiler explosion.

THERE WAS A SCENE.

Aldermen Brawl About Tramway Purchase—Suit Against the City.

Vancouver, Aug. 1.—The second street railway purchase by-law nearly met sudden death in the council last night. Mayor Cope ruled it was the same as the by-law which was thrown out a fortnight ago and would require a two-thirds majority to introduce it. The city solicitor had given a verbal opinion otherwise, but not being present the matter lay over another week. In the course of the discussion a scene occurred between Ald. Collins and Brown, in which each declared emphatically that the other had stated an untruth.

The proprietors of the Sherman house have brought action against the city because of a letter from John A. Lesse, who cannot be found, charging that it was a resort of women for immoral purposes. The letter was read. The city will investigate the charge and defend the suit.

Sateens and Crepons

New patterns, twenty cents per yard at Russell & McDonald's.

The Corridor Train.

What is called a "corridor" train has been introduced in Great Britain. It bears some resemblance to the American vestibuled train, and is said to combine the best features of the British and American systems. Instead of the central aisles, usual in American trains, and on some continental trains, a corridor runs throughout the train on the left or platform side of the carriages. The space not occupied by the corridor is devoted to compartments, constructed for four passengers, fitted in the usual English fashion, but shut off from the corridor, and each provided with a door opening on the corridor. The continuity of the corridor is effected by an admirable arrangement between the carriages, consisting of a weather-proof gangway of stout and flexible India rubber, fitted to metal collapsible frames, by which an unimpeded transit may be made from one end of the train to the other. Thus, says the Saturday Review, the traveller by the "corridor" train is secure of his comfort in the carriage, according to English ideas, and commands the advantage of free circulation through the train, with the knowledge that the right of way cannot lead to any infringement of his own right to the seclusion of his carriage. He is in the position of a man who is free to stay in his own room or walk out into the street. There are openings at the ends of the cars as in America, and openings at the side as in Great Britain. The American convenience of dining cars has also been introduced, for third-class as well as for first-class passengers.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

BOARD OF TRADE.

Special Meeting Held This Morning—Freight Rates From Victoria.

The council of the board of trade held a special meeting this morning, President Flummerfelt in the chair. There were present Messrs. C. E. Renouf, T. B. Hall, A. B. Gray, E. B. Marvin, T. S. Futcher, H. E. Connon, H. F. Heisterman, G. Leiser, R. H. Hall, M.P.P., and D. R. Ker.

R. Ward, of the fisheries committee, reported on the letter from H. C. Beeton relative to the disposal of salmon offal. The committee were of opinion that the scheme proposed by Mr. Beeton would not prove successful. If any enterprising manufacturer would start the manufacture of a fertilizer the canners would give him a bonus to take away their offal.

The report was received and a copy forwarded to H. C. Beeton.

The usual bonus of $250 was voted the secretary for past services.

G. Leiser brought up the question of freight rates from Victoria to the Nanaimo and the Mainland. He knew that the C. P. R. could not make any concessions between Victoria and Kamloops unless a reduction could be made by the C. P. N. Company. The C. P. R., he thought, would make concessions for points beyond Kamloops.

Mr. Renouf said he always found the C. P. N. Company willing to make concessions when freight was brought to Victoria and then distributed throughout the province.

T. B. Hall had been treated in a similar manner by the C. P. R.

Mr. Leiser thought the C. P. N. Company might make reductions in some kinds of goods.

Mr. Flummerfelt—If the C. P. N. Co. could be shown that a reduction would increase the revenue, they would reduce the rate.

Mr. Leiser—There might at least be a reduction of rates by steamer to Nanaimo.

It was decided to invite Captain Irving to be present at the next meeting of the council.

MODERN STONE QUARRY.

How the Kokisilah Sand Stone is Quarried—The Helicoidal System.

The system adopted by the Kokisilah quarry company for taking out the sandstone from their quarry is a rather complicated one to the unpractical mind, but is perhaps the cheapest way. It is known as the helicoidal wire system. It was first adopted to work the old Roman marble quarries of Schemton in Tunis. Before the system was used the quarries could not be worked on account of the expense. The machines in use at the Kokisilah quarry have worked very successfully as can be seen by the three immense slabs of stone that were yesterday brought down for the new government buildings. Two shafts are cut at the two inner corners of a big block of the stone and in them are placed two of the machines. Cuts are then made by the helicoidal wire from the shafts to the face of the cliff and also from one shaft to the other so that the block is detached from the cliff. The machines are then placed in the side trenches and slabs just as wide or narrow as needed are cut out.

Power from an engine is transmitted by teledynamic cable to the highest point in the quarry whence it is distributed by three helicoidal cords, each composed of three steel wires, twisted spirally. The cord cuts the stone, sand and water being allowed to flow into the grove which is about the size of a lead pencil. The wire is an endless one.

It is calculated that stone can be quarried ten times faster by the helicoidal system than by the old system, and besides this there is practically no waste and less labor is required.

Prints Five Cents per Yard
at Russell & McDonald's.

One Week More.

The "marked down sale" will continue for another week. "Big bargains" offered in every line. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. John Partridge. *

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora. *

Darcey Island Lepers.

The sanitary officer paid a visit to Darcey Island yesterday and found the unfortunate lepers contented and happy. The Russian Finn, who was brought down from the north died about two months ago and was buried by the Chinamen. The men have done a great deal of work during the past few months and have a good garden and splendid crops. They have about four dozen chickens and two dozen ducks. One of the Victoria Chinamen is failing quickly and the one from Vancouver is getting much worse.

Work at the Pedro.

There will be nothing done toward raising the steamship San Pedro before the end of the week. It has been decided to place four additional pumps in position, and that is now being done. The pumps were brought down from Nanaimo and have a very large capacity. The pump which was broken is also being repaired. On Saturday another large hole in the bottom of the ship, revealed by the shifting of the position of the vessel, was plugged up. It is now thought that when the next general effort to raise the ship is made she will come.

Lansdowne House.

The "marked down sale" will continue for another week. "Big bargains" offered in every line. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. John Partridge. *

Keen Competition.

Geo. R. Jackson & Co., tailors, have put on an entirely new staff of non-union operators and have reduced prices to meet increasing competition from the east. They found it utterly impossible to keep on a level with eastern tailors and employ union labor. See adv. on first page. *

Numerous Applicants.

There is no end of applicants for the position of sanitary inspector made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Chipchase. The aldermen are being besieged by the prospective inspectors, 99 per cent. of whom will of course be disappointed. It will be hard to find as efficient an officer as Mr. Chipchase.

Bay City Steamers.

The steamer Umatilla, Capt. Holmes, arrived this morning from San Francisco. She brought up a full load of freight and 157 passengers. There were 223 tons of freight and 81 passengers for Victoria. Many of the latter will go east over the C. P. R. The Walla Walla will return south to-morrow.

Teachers' Examinations.

The following names were inadvertently omitted in yesterday's issue from the list of those who gained certificates at the annual teachers' examination for the province: First class, grade A, Lewis Henry Fullager, B. A., Cambridge University, 1893. Second class, grade A, Mary McDowell, 2188; George Kirkendelf, 2183; Samuel Burns Campbell, 2181.

The Conservatory of Music.

There will be no formal vacation at the Conservatory of Music this summer, as Miss Adams has decided to continue the course of studies, both vocal and instrumental, throughout the season. In the former branch, Mrs. Laird's contract having expired, her position will be filled by a thoroughly qualified teacher, capable of teaching sight singing and giving class lessons. *

The Fumigating Apparatus.

The new fumigating apparatus for the William's Head quarantine station is at Spratt's wharf waiting shipment. It includes a large retort, a boiler, a small steam pump and other machinery. It will be arranged so that the clothing or other articles to be fumigated can be carried in a hand car from the side of the ship directly to the retort. A little time spent in the interior of the retort is death to all germs.

A Popular Resort.

Ben Carter, of the St. George's Hotel, Esquimalt road, has opened the Rock Bay Hotel, and intends to make that place just as popular as the St. George's. The Rock Bay has been comfortably furnished throughout, and this with the situation, should assist Mr. Carter in making a success of his new venture. He will furnish a single room with board for $5 a week, which is as good a rate as could be obtained anywhere. The bar rates are also popular, beer being sold for five cents a schooner, or 10 cents a pot.

Return of the Queen.

The steamship Queen, Captain James Carroll, arrived down from Alaska at 2 this afternoon. She is still at the outer wharf and will leave for the Sound at 7 this evening. Her officers report nothing of particular importance stirring in Alaskan ports. A few of the United States survey boats were seen. There had been no seizures of either American or Canadian schooners and there had been no complaints about the regulations being broken. The weather during the cruise was very pleasant and the passengers were all very much pleased.

Whip Cords in New Shades
Just received; 75 c. per yard; at Russell & McDonald's.

Freight for the Australia Line.

Yesterday a solid train of 25 carloads of harvest machinery passed through the city on the C. P. R. destined for Australia. The machinery was shipped by the Deering Co. of Chicago, and the shipping bill calls for delivery to be made at Sidney and Melbourne, Australia. All the cars were placarded with a notice denoting the nature of the shipment. The train came from St. Paul to Winnipeg by the Soo and C. P. R. lines. This machinery was formerly shipped from Chicago to San Francisco and thence by steamer, but the establishment of the Vancouver-Melbourne line has altered matters.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Elect Elders and Managers.

At a meeting of the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church held last night Mr. Hutcheson in the chair, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to represent the congregation at the meeting of the Presbytery on Sept. 6th:—J. T. Bethune, Thos. M. Henderson, Dr. G. L. Milne and J. B. McKillican. At this meeting of the Presbytery the resignation of the pastorate of St. Andrew's church by Rev. P. McF. Macleod will be brought up. To fill vacancies caused by resignation, the following elders and managers were elected:—Elders, J. B. McKillican, T. M. Henderson, R. B. McMicking, Thos. Brydon and James Hogarth. Managers, Arch. Carmichael, C. G. Ballantyne, T. M. Henderson, Thos. Brydon, Dr. G. L. Milne and R. B. McMicking.

MORTON ON TRIAL.

Case Against Victoria Player Proceeding To-Day—L. A. Lewis' Evidence.

New Westminster, Aug. 1.—The case of H. E. Morton of the Victoria Lacrosse Club was called again in the police court this morning. The city hall, as on previous occasions when this case was called, was crowded. The information laid by A. Leamy read as follows: "That Harry Morton, on July 15th, 1893, at New Westminster, aforesaid, in and upon one L. A. Lewis, an assault did make, and him, said L. A. Lewis, did then beat, wound and ill-treat, thereby then occasioning him, said L. A. Lewis, actual bodily harm." No plea entered. Leamy proved the information.

L. A. Lewis was the first witness. He said that on July 15th he was playing in a lacrosse match between Westminster and Victoria. The defendant was playing for the Victoria team. The ball was thrown into the air from the defence field; Morton was "checking" witness, who got the ball, when he (witness) was struck over the head and rendered insensible for a few seconds. Witness was struck on the left side of the head from behind. He was unable to play lacrosse any more that day. This occurred in the fourth game, the record then standing 3 to 0 in favor of Westminster.

Cross-examined. After the third game witness said he and Morton had a conversation. Witness told Morton he had heard they would both be ruled off. Morton remarked, "You will be fooled." Morton also said, "You play lacrosse and I will." Witness would have liked to go on playing after he was hurt if the referee would have allowed him. Re-examined, he said it is not a part of the game of lacrosse to knock a man down with a lacrosse stick. The court here adjourned. There are seven more witnesses for the prosecution.

Customs Returns.

The customs returns for the month of July are as follows:

Collections.	
Duties collected	$56,714 62
Other revenues	8,388 76
	$65,103 38
Imports.	
Dutiable	$174,908 00
Free	35,723 00
	$210,721 00
Exports.	
Produce of Canada	$180,162 00
Not produce of Canada	7,983 00
	$188,160 00

Inland revenue returns for July:

Spirits	5,928 34
Malt	3,716 68
Tobacco	3,716 37
Cigars	799 80
Licenses	1,200 00
Other receipts	7 20
Inspection Petroleum	28 55
	$15,700 94

The Finest and Largest
assortment of serges in B.C. at Russell & McDonald's.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

County court will be held on Thursday.

In Bishop vs. Irving, tried yesterday, the jury, on hearing the addresses of counsel and the charge of the chief justice, retired to consider their verdict at 3.45. They returned at 4.30, and on being asked whether they had agreed on their verdict the foreman said:

"We have come to ask your lordship a question. Will a verdict for the plaintiff carry costs with it?"

The chief justice: "You have nothing to do with the matter of costs, gentlemen. That is entirely in my discretion. If you award the plaintiff one dollar damages I may order each party to pay his own costs, and if you give him $1,000 I may order the defendant to pay the costs also."

The jury retired and at 5.25 brought in a verdict for the plaintiff, giving him $175 damages.

In Varrelman vs. the Phoenix Brewing Co. Mr. Justice Walkem decided that it had not been proved that the plaintiff had been dismissed; that from the evidence before him it was apparent that he was still entitled to his $250 a month; that a non-suit must be granted with liberty to the plaintiff to take such further proceedings as he might be advised, and that therefore there was nothing to go to the jury.

134 Douglas Street
Russell & McDonald's.

Vacancies to Fill.

The boards of school trustees will have a number of vacancies to fill in the Central school, before the summer vacation closes. Besides those caused by resignations, at least two teachers will have to step out on account of having failed to pass the recent examinations.

Outing at the Gorge.

No. 2 Battery, B.C.B.G.A., will have an outing at the Gorge to-morrow evening. Boats will leave McIntosh's boat house at 8 o'clock. There will be dancing at the Victoria Gardens, and during an intermission of the same there will be singing by the members of the company. The affair is in the hands of a good committee, the members of which are working very hard to make it a success. Refreshments will be served at the gardens.

Marine.

The steamer Princess Louise will leave for the north this evening, noon.

The collier Romulus, coal laden for San Francisco, passed down last night.

The collier San Mateo, on her way to Comox to load coal, passed up this afternoon.

Bark Thermopylae has been chartered to load lumber at Astoria for Hongkong. She will leave for Astoria in a few days.

The shipping returns for July follow:

Coastwise,	entered	103
	cleared	111
Deep sea,	entered	97
	cleared	77

Blank Books.

A large assortment extra bound at moderate prices. J. Johnston & Co.

To Painters and Others.

Lead, oil, colors, mixed paints, etc., at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street. *

Some new shades in plain ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weiler Bros. *

A Large Stock
OF
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CORSETS
JUST ARRIVED.

Flora Corset, Drab, 50c.
Coraline Corset, Sateen, 90c.
B. C. Corset, Assorted Colors, $1.00.
No. 555 Corset, Drab, $1.25.
No. BBB Corset, Black, $1.50.
Wedding Corsets, C. & B, $2.50.
All sizes in P. D. in Black, White and Drab.
Children's Hiegene Waists, 65c., 90c. and $1.50.
Ladies' Jackson Hiegene Waists, $1.90.

See Window. D. SPENCER, Government St.

VICTORIA EXHIBITION

The Annual Fair

...Of the B. C. AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION will be held at the... NEW EXHIBITION BUILDINGS, Driving Park, Victoria, on

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

August the 7th TO August the 12th INCLUSIVE.

The date has been placed earlier this year than formerly—during the beautiful August weather—and exhibitors and visitors may feel perfectly satisfied that there will be a very large display in every department, bright sunshine, an immense attendance, enjoyable sports, and in every way a successful show.

There will be Sports of all kinds, particulars of which will be published later,—

Horse Races, Gymkana, Lacrosse, Athletics, &c.

First-class Band will provide music every day and evening.
Railway and Steamship lines will carry passengers and exhibits at reduced fares.
All entries will finally close on Saturday evening, August 5th.
Prize Lists and Entry Forms, etc., on application to

W. H. BAINBRIDGE,
Secretary, Government St., Victoria.

600 lbs.
OF
Black Currants
FOR
Preserving
AT
ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
— BANKERS —
VICTORIA, B. C.
Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
— AGENTS FOR —
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
—WILL SAIL ON—
MONDAY, JULY 31st,
AT 7 P. M.
From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN
22 Trounce Avenue.
jy 7 td

R. C. P. CO.'S
Screw Steamer
Cariboo and Fly
(Classed A1)
CAPT. WM. REYNON,
Will leave Porter's Wharf on
Wednesday Ev'g, Aug. 2,
At Six o'clock, for
Claxton, Skeena River and Way Ports.
For Freight and Insurance apply to
DALBY & CLAXTON,
Agents.
jy 31 3t

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia. No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

THE 20TH, OR THE 22D, OF JULY?

To the Editor:—There is a seeming discrepancy as to the date of arrival of the explorer Mackenzie on the Pacific coast. The extracts published from the Toronto Mail seem to indicate that he arrived on the 22nd of July. The people of Victoria met on the 20th of July, 1893, in commemoration of the event as being the hundredth anniversary of Mackenzie's reaching the tide waters of the Pacific. That your readers may judge for themselves as to the correct date, I make extracts from the text of Mackenzie's history of the expedition. The narrative reads:—

July 19th, 1793—At one in the afternoon, we renewed our voyage in a large canoe, with four of the natives. We found the river almost one continued rapid, and in half an hour we came to an house, where, however, we did not land, though invited by the inhabitants. In about an hour we arrived at two houses, where we were, in some degree, obliged to go on shore, as we were informed that the owner of them was a person of consideration. * * * * We made our stay as short as possible, and our host embarked with us. In a very short time we were carried by the rapidity of the current to another house of very large dimensions, which was partitioned into different apartments, and whose doors were on the sides. * * * The navigation of the river now became more difficult, from the numerous channels into which it was divided, without any sensible diminution in velocity of its current. We soon reached another house of the common size, where we were well received. * * * The inhabitants of the last house accompanied us in a large canoe. They recommended us to leave ours here, as the next village was but a small distance from us, and the water more rapid than that which we had passed. They informed us also, that we were approaching a cascade. I directed them to shoot it, and proceeded myself to the foot thereof, where I re-embarked, and we went on with great velocity till we came to a fall, where we left our canoe, and carried our luggage along a road through a wood for some hundred yards, when we came to a village consisting of six very large houses, erected on palisades, rising twenty feet from the ground, but which differed in no one circumstance from those already described, except the height of their elevation. * * * From these houses I could perceive the termination of the river and its discharge into a narrow arm of the sea. As it was now half-past six in the evening, and the weather cloudy, I determined to remain for the night, and for that purpose we possessed ourselves of one of the unoccupied houses. The remains of our last meal, which we brought with us, served for our supper, as we could not procure a single fish from the natives. The course of the river is about west and the distance from the great village upwards of thirty-six miles. There we had lost our dog, a circumstance of no small regret to me. * * *

July 20th—At about eight we got out of the river, which discharges itself by various channels into an arm of the sea. The tide was out and had left a large space covered with sea weed. The surrounding hills were involved (enveloped?) in fog. The wind was at west, which was ahead of us, and very strong; the bay appearing to be from one to three miles in breadth. * * *At two in the afternoon the swell was so high, and the wind, which was against us, so boisterous, that we could not proceed with our leaky vessel. We therefore landed in a small cove, on the right side of the bay. Opposite to us appeared another small bay in the north of which is an island, and where, according to the information of the Indians, a river discharges itself that abounds in salmon. * * * When we landed the tide was going out, and at a quarter past four it was ebb, the water having fallen in that short period eleven feet and a half. Since we left the river, not a quarter of an hour had passed that we did not see porpoises and sea-otters. Soon after ten it was high water, which rendered it necessary that our baggage should be shifted several times, though not till some of the things had been wetted. We were now reduced to the necessity of looking out for fresh water, with which we were plentifully supplied by the rills that ran down from the mountains. * * *

July 21st—As I could not ascertain the distance from the open sea, and being uncertain whether we were in a bay or among islets and channels of islands, I confined my search to a proper place for taking an observation. We steered, therefore, along the land on the left, west-northwest a mile and a half; then north-west one-fourth of a mile, and north three miles to an island; the land continuing to run north-northwest, and then along the island, south-southwest half a mile, west a mile and a half, and from thence directly across to the land on the left (where I had an altitude) southwest three miles. From this position a channel of which the island we left appeared to make a check, bears north by east. * * * We coasted along the land at about west-southwest for six miles and met a canoe with two boys in it, who were dispatched to summon the people on that part of the coast to join them. At some distance from the land a channel opened to us, at southwest by west, and pointing that way, he made me understand that Macubah (doubtless the Indian manner of pronouncing Vancouver) came there with his large canoe. When we were in mid-channel, I perceived some sheds, or the remains of old buildings on shore; and as from that circumstance I thought it probable that some Europeans might have been there, I directed my steersman to make for that spot. The traverse is upwards of three miles northwest. We landed and found the ruins of a village, in a situation calculated for defence. The place itself was overgrown with weeds, and in the centre of the houses there was a temple, of the same form and construction as that which I described at the large village. * * * We had no sooner landed than we took possession of a rock, where there was not space for more than twice our number, and which admitted of our defending ourselves with advantage in case we should be attacked. * * * These men also told me that Macubah had been there, and had left his ship behind a point of land in the channel, southwest from us, from whence he had come to their village in boats, which these people represented by imitating our manner of rowing. * * *

July 22nd— * * * The young man was now very anxious to persuade our people to depart, as the natives, he said, were as numerous as mosquitoes, and of very malignant character. This information produced some very earnest remonstrances to me to hasten our departure; but as I was determined not to leave the place, except I was absolutely compelled to it, till I had ascertained the situation, these solicitations were not repeated. * * * In relating our danger his agitation was so violent that he foamed at the mouth. Though I was not altogether free from apprehensions on the occasion, it was necessary for me to disguise them, as my people were panic-struck, and some of them asked me if it was my determination to remain there to be sacrificed? My reply was the same as their former importunities had received, that I would not stir until I had accomplished my object. * * * My altitude by an artificial horizon gave 52 degrees, 21 minutes, 33 seconds, and by the natural horizon 52 degrees, 20 minutes, 48 seconds, north latitude. * * * I now mixed up some vermilion in melted grease, and inscribed in large characters, on the southeast face of the rock on which we had slept last night, the brief memorial:—"Alexander Mackenzie, from Canada, by land, the twenty-second day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three." * * *

From the foregoing it is evident that the 20th of July is the correct date of the anniversary of Alexander Mackenzie's arrival at the Pacific coast. The two succeeding days were occupied by him in coasting to make observations and taking the required altitudes for latitude. Yours, etc.,

ALEXANDER (C.) BEGG.

31st July, 1893.

THE SCHOOL PLANS.

To the Editor: So many comments have recently been made anent the late ward school competition, both on the streets and in the public press (the leading spirits of the latter even having taken up the matter), that it would appear that either too much or too little has been expressed; and the simplest manner to have settled the whole question would most assuredly have been the calling of a public meeting whereat the ratepayers of Victoria might have investigated thoroughly the whole affair.

That there has been reason for grave disapprobation on the part of the community at large at the decision arrived at by the board of trustees, no one who carefully inspected the competitive drawings can possibly doubt; and if the trustees are supposed to have acted in an unbecoming manner, or in any way unworthy the great trust imposed in them, it is now the time to have the whole thing cleared up one way or another, before the subject becomes a thing of the past, at the same time giving the trustees a suitable opportunity of defending their conduct. They up to the present time have not thought fit or necessary to refute the statements or innuendoes so freely launched against them of late, which may be interpreted in various ways; but the fact of so many of our citizens openly finding fault with and condemning their judgment and general course of action certainly goes far to imply that there is something wrong.

It has been universally admitted (except perhaps by one or two of the board) that the plans chosen for the second award were not to be compared in point of merit with the designs originally selected to fill that place, and subsequently set aside through the powerful agency brought to bear; or even with other plans placed lower still on the list. Accusations have appeared in print that the board could not give it to No. 5 B, who seems to have been so unfairly and uncharitably thrown from his place of honor to make room for the more fortunate and favored No. 8. It is known generally that this latter design has been a subject of universal derision, to such an extent that one would suppose the trustees would be reluctant in thrusting on the public such an obnoxious article. Certainly the ratepayers of the north ward have asserted their rights, and have gained them, but only for the much condemned and now notorious design to be quietly shoved on the worthy citizens of the south ward. What these gentlemen may see fit to do in the matter remains to be seen; but it presents a good opportunity for the ventilation and reconsideration of this important subject.

The public—at least those who have seen the various designs—have not hesitated to disapprove in the strongest terms the choice of the trustees. The architects, it appears, have been unfairly treated, especially the one first selected for the second prize, only to be given subsequently a back seat; and even the paid expert from Vancouver has been quietly ignored. Many people accuse the trustees of tampering in the matter, some are aware that the authors in some cases were undoubtedly known to the board before the final decision. Let all this be investigated and calmly discussed. For their own position, the trustees could not object, nay would court such an enquiry.

It is known and has been proved that the decision was at least a poor one. A general vote would soon settle that fact. Of course mistakes are always liable and errors in judgment pardonable but at the same time always remediable. Let the present be the time for those interested to be up and doing. Let justice be done. Let our trustees prove themselves deserving of the high position bestowed upon them. Let the architects be unable to question further as to the peculiar handling of this competition, for which they doubtless devoted much time and labor, naturally supposing that the best man would win and no favor be shown. Let the ratepayers of the south ward especially demonstrate to the trustees the fact that they have to say the least of it acted most cavalierly towards them in thrusting on them the north ward leavings and—let this subject then drop. Another time each one in his own particular case will be prepared how to act should such an event again take place in Victoria as a "ward school competition."

AN ONLOOKER.

What to do With the Silver.

And now comes Comrade Paten H. Sims, of Rankin Lodge, G.A.R., of Brooklyn, with the suggestions that pensions be paid in silver. At the lodge meeting Mr. Sims said that the Republicans made the silver law, and they ought to stand together and help bear its burdens. Any Republican, he said, who does not care enough for his party to carry his pension money home in silver dollars should hire a boy. Suggestion has already been made that the silver Senators should receive their salaries in silver dollars. They would have to hire a dray to get their silver home. At the present time the cellar of the treasury department is so filled up with silver dollars and pig silver that there is scarcely room for the winter's coal.—Baltimore Sun.

A luxury of luxuries—Tamilkande Tea

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weller Bros.

BANANA WINE AND BEER.

Two Beverages Very Popular Among the Natives in Africa.

To the natives of Africa of the present time beer prepared from malt and hops is unknown, although Bottich lager beer has reached Gerhard Rolfs, the well-known German traveler in Africa, even at the oasis of Kufra, in the Sahara. Yet there exists no lack of intoxicating beverages among the sons of the Dark Continent. They are not required to wait for the firewater of the Europeans to be sent them. They understand how to prepare spirituous beverages of their own, and they also become intoxicated by the latter. This is only too frequently the case, as may be seen from the accounts of foreign travelers in Africa.

The Africans make wine and beer, but neither grape juice is used for the former nor malt extract for the latter. Palm trees of different kinds, bananas and millet furnish the raw materials. Palm wine is made from the sap oozing from the cut-off blossom stems of the oily palm tree and of the cocoa tree. It is a pleasant, refreshing beverage and sufficiently known. From the fruit of the banana a beverage is being made in Africa which they drink there as wine or beer.

Banana beer is chiefly used by the natives of Uganda, a country bordering on Lake Victoria. The people there are very fond of such beer, and when Emin Pasha went to Rubaga to meet King Mtesa he wrote in his diary: "This is a real beer trip from village to village, or, rather, from beer pot to beer pot, we are marching on." In that country the manufacture of the banana beverage is extensively going on. Dr. Felkin, an English physician, who formerly lived there, describes the different kinds of the banana beverage. He makes a distinction between banana beer and banana wine.

According to his description, "mubisi," a cooling banana wine, is manufactured in the following manner:—A big hole is dug in the ground, lined with banana leaves, filled with unripe bananas and kept covered by mats and earth until the fruit has become completely ripe. Then the bananas are slit, mixed with fine hay, and placed into a large, boat-like wooden trough, which at one end has an emptying pipe.

After the addition of some water the whole is thoroughly mixed by the hand or short wooden sticks. Thereupon the trough is covered with banana leaves and the mixture is left standing for about one or two hours. After the expiration of that time it is taken out and through grass sieves poured into large calabeshes. It is then ready for use and represents a sweet, agreeable and not intoxicating beverage.

The fact that just this kind of banana beverage is drunk in large quantities by the natives explains why Emin Pasha did not see many drunken men in Uganda and Unjoro. But if the mubisi is left standing for three days it undergoes a fermentation and becomes a slightly acid, refreshing beverage, which is strongly intoxicating. This wine or beverage is called "muenge." If it is filled into bottles and they are kept well corked in a cool place for several months one obtains a sparkling wine strongly resembling champagne. Mubisi, the principal beverage made from bananas, can be charged in yet another way.

If a larger or smaller quantity of boiled millet is added to it, and the mixture is left standing in large earthen pots for two or three days, and stirred from time to time it becomes a beer, which, according to the quantity of millet added, is more or less intoxicating. The beverages made from bananas are not stored away for a long time. They are mostly consumed after manufacture. When being sold they commonly are comparatively dear. This wine, or beer, is either drunk from gourd cups or sucked from gourd bottles by means of long, nicely made tubules, the lower ends of which are serving at the same time for filtering the turbid fluid.—Philadelphia Press.

Got His Accounts Tangled.

Waterbury, Conn., July 31.—"If you have no objections I prefer to settle my own estate." Thus wrote James Carson from San Antonio, Tex., to his wife in Torrington. The letter was a great surprise to all the man's friends, as he was given up for dead, and ex-Insurance Commissioner Fyler had been given the custody of his business. James Carson was one of the big men of Torrington. He was treasurer of the Turrer-Seymour Co., a pillar of the Congregational church and a leader in society. It was a great surprise when it leaked out last September that Carson was $50,000 behind in his accounts with the Seymour company and that he had been dishonest in the management of some land sales. Many wondered why he was not prosecuted, and it was said he knew something that would place other prominent citizens of the town in an unenviable position. Suddenly on Oct. 10th he disappeared from a Naugatuck train leaving his valise behind. He was supposed to have committed suicide. Carson says he has just left a hospital in San Antonio and is not well. He is expected home shortly.

An Opinion of Emperor William.

All the children of the Imperial family have been baptized in water from the Jordan, according to a custom long established in the royal house of Prussia. The Empress has of late received innumerable requests to stand as sponsor to the children of all classes of people in all parts of Germany, so many, in fact, that she has found it impossible to accede to even a tithe of the applications. She has, therefore, made it a rule to act as godmother only when one or other of the parents is personally known to her. The Empress always prepares some kind of celebration for the birthdays of her children. One of these anniversaries came along at the time of the Bismarck episode. The Kaiser, who was playing with the children at the little family feast, was astonished to hear from the world: "Father," piped out the Crown Prince, "they say that you will now tell the people what to do all by yourself. You will like that better, won't you, father?" The conversation was not prolonged. The Crown Prince is evidently a "chip of the old block." His spiritual adviser was one day impressing upon him the doctrine that "all men are sinners." This sentiment struck the lad as being somewhat antagonistic to the views possibly imbibed in the home circle, for he pondered a moment, and gave expression to the doubt that still lingered in his mind, and enquired if the doctrine applied to the great ones of this earth, as well as to the common folk. "Yes," replied his tutor, "I have told you that all men are sinners." "Well," said the boy, "father may be, but I know that mother isn't."

British Civil Pension List.

The civil list pensions granted during the year ended the 30th of last month have issued as a parliamentary paper. The sum of £1200 is available for this purpose. The latest pensions granted on the 19th June are the following: Mr. John Gwenogoryn Evans, to enable him to continue his researches in Welsh literature, £200; Mrs. Cornelia Minto, in consideration of, the literary merits of her husband, the late Prof. Minto, and of her inadequate means of support, £75; Mrs. Therese Wolstenholme, in consideration of the merits of her husband, the late Rev. Joseph Wolstenholme as a mathematician, and of her straightened circumstances, £50; Mrs. Frances E. Trollope, in consideration of the literary merits of her husband, the late Mr. Thomas Adolphus Trollope, and of her narrow means, £50; Mr. William Smyth Rockstro, in consideration of his services to musical literature, and of his inadequate means of support, £100; Mrs. Cashel Hoey, in consideration of her literary merits, and of inadequate means of support, £50; Mrs. Emilie Dittmar, in consideration of the services to chemical science rendered by her late husband, Prof. William Dittmar, F. R. S., £75; Miss Lucy Mary Jane Garnett, in recognition of her literary merits and to enable her to prosecute her researches in Oriental folklore, £100; Mr. Robert Brown, jr., in consideration of his merits as a student of archaeology, £100; Dr. Samuel Davidson, in recognition of the value of his works on theology and Biblical criticism, £100; Rev. Richard Morris, in recognition of his merits as a student of early English literature and philology, £150; Miss Margaret Stokes, in consideration of her researches into early Christian art and archaeology in Ireland, £100.

A Flowery Discourse on the Weather.

This is how the Pandit Indravarma Saraswati describes "The Oriental weather in England in the Year of Centuries, 1893" (the title of his contribution to the Asiatic Quarterly Review): "The Celestial court of Indra and Saraswati, the goddess of learning, wreathed with smiles and decked with flowers, have transported their abode this year to England. Dropping her dark robe of rain and storm, the garb of conquest, she has been crowned, in peaceful possession, by Surya, the sun. Thus has the west become a dependency of the east, and his rays have revealed, bathed in light, the home of the empire of the world. In the wake of the Deities, whom I invoke, have come Indian rajahs and warriors, to celebrate the opening of their domicile, the Imperial Institute, which, watered by the liberality of our princes, has been endowed with life under the radiance of the great Queen and her illustrious Son, on whom our eyes have already rested in India in loyal love. O India, Lord of the East, of Air and Climate, visit often thy new domain, for England requires the glow of our hearts and India the clouds that conceal thee, so as the more to welcome thy return, but leave not behind thy companion (the goddess of learning), who, although not fickle like Lakshmi (the goddess of fortune), seems to prefer her present home!"

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.

FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.

This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Ker's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and fishing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays.

Comfortable rooms at moderate prices.

jy11-2m-d&w

Public Notice.

School Street, between Yates Street and Fort Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 11th, 1893.

To Ship Owners.

The undersigned begs to announce that he has taken the CLYDE SHIP YARD, at Rock Bay, Victoria, and is now prepared for all kinds of work, new or old.

Small orders thankfully received and big ones in proportion.

ORLANDO WARNER.

July 3-1mo.

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.

Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-tf

Municipal Act 1892.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer from myself to George Schmith, of the said city, of the license now held by me to sell beer, wines and porter with meals at the restaurant (formerly Stelts's), No. 54 Yates street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid.

July 15, 1893. C. C. FOX.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received until Friday, noon, August 4th, for the erection and completion of two one-story brick toilet buildings to be built at the Central School, this city.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

SCHROEDER & EWART,
Architects.

Office: Second floor, Duck Block. jy29-3t

NOTICE

Johnson Street from Chambers Street eastward will be closed until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

jy29-tf

PURE COFFEE.

THIS IS THE COFFEE THAT WON THE GREAT WORLD'S FAIR CONTRACT.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

CHASE & SANBORN,

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is now able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

NAKUSP & SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia

All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 35 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers

Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,

General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Agents, VICTORIA.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £260,000, $1,265,333

HEAD OFFICE: 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

REDUCED! 50 doz. REGATTA & PRINT SHIRTS Reduced to 75c each

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson Street.

PROPOSAL SUBMITTED.

Esquimalt Water Works Co., Gives the City Its Price.

ALD. MILLER TALKS PLAIN ENGLISH

He Censures Some of His Associates for Their Actions—Old Folks Home Caretaker Employed—Two New By-Laws Under Consideration.

All of the alderman except Messrs. Belyea and McTavish were at the meeting of the city council last evening and Mayor Beaven presided. The meeting was rather a lively one, Ald. Miller twice censuring his colleagues in language far from mild. Considerable business was dispatched.

Chairman Miller, of the cemetery committee, presented reports on a couple of matters which had been referred to him and his associates. One was about the hay cutting at the cemetery, for which $40 had been charged, and the committee recommended that the man who got the hay be made to pay for it. As to the charges that certain graves had been desecrated the chairman said that it was as much due to rivalry between different gardeners as anything else. The committee therefore favored a "clean sweep," the appointment of George A. Dow as caretaker, and the establishment of a rule that all gardeners employed by private parties work under direction of the caretaker. Ald. Miller then read Mr. Dow's endorsements, which he said he regarded as good as anyone could desire. He thought the man as good as could be hired.

Ald. Styles objected to that manner of doing business. He had no objection to Mr. Dow, but believed that every alderman should have a chance to vote for the man he wanted. Referring to the complaints as to the desecration of graves Ald. Miller said that in one instance salt had been strewn upon a grave where flowers had been planted. Of course the flowers were killed, and while there was no proof to show who had committed the outrage, one could judge pretty well by the indications.

Ald. Bragg said that if the appointment be made the chairman of the committee should take full responsibility for it.

Ald. Henderson thought the report, if adopted, would place more power in the hands of the caretaker than he should have.

On motion of Ald. McKillican, seconded by Ald. Styles, the matter was laid over.

The street committee recommending the placing of a drain on Dallas road from Menzies street to South Turner street, the same to be under the provisions of the surface drainage by-law.

Ald. Bragg said he believed the committee were favoring the ratepayers on Dallas road, and Ald. Styles replied denying the charge. The report was adopted.

The finance committee presented a report recommending the payment of $755 out of the surface drainage fund. The report was adopted.

The Home committee presented a report stating that the old men had been moved to the new home at Ross Bay, and recommending H. A. Sutherland be appointed caretaker vice Peterson, resigned. Ald. Styles objected to the manner of making the choice, but the report was adopted.

Ald. Miller reminded the board of the fact that they had just laid over a report from the cemetery committee. He said it was strange that there should be such a difference between tweedle-dee and tweedle-dum.

On motion of Ald. McKillican W. C. Pope was appointed police court clerk.

Ald. Miller, who was absent from the chamber while the clerkship matter was being voted upon, claimed that he had not been fairly treated by the council in many matters. He had worked hard in the interests of the people, but it seemed that his every act was thwarted in some mysterious way. Why, he did not know.

The mayor simply said the vote had been fairly taken.

Ald. Miller said in respect to the present motion he had desired to have the vote taken in a different way for the reason that applicants whom he could name had told him that they had the promise of five aldermen, and he wanted to show them how much reliance could be placed on the words of some of the aldermen around the board.

Ald. Munn was granted leave to introduce a by-law to repeal the by-law to give aid to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster railway. The alderman in presenting the by-law simply said it was carrying out a resolution of the council passed some time ago, and again went over the objections to it.

Ald. McKillican was opposed to repealing the by-law. The railway company should be given every possible opportunity. If a parallel line were built it would do good. He did not believe in throwing any obstacle in the way of the line.

Ald. Miller thought the experience of the city with railways had not been very satisfactory or creditable. He favored repeal as the city might be liable for the two bonuses. Ald. Henderson agreed that such action should be taken. The council went into committee on the by-law, passed it through that stage and reported it complete with amendments.

Ald. Munn was granted permission to introduce a by-law to amend the streets by-law to permit wood sawing and to allow wood to be piled in the streets for 12 hours. The council went into committee on the by-law. The committee will consider the by-law again and a clause keeping the steam saw off down town business streets in the afternoon hours will be added.

The fire wardens presented a report recommending the dismissal of Engineer Atkinson, and not only exonerating Chief Thomas Deasy but complimenting him on the state of the department and its efficiency, as shown by the enquiry. The report was received and adopted.

The following letters bearing on the proposal of the Esquimalt water works company to sell a half interest in its plant were then read:

Victoria, April 24, 1893.

Hon. Robert Beaven, Mayor, Victoria, B.C.

Sir: In reference to the proposal I made to you in January last, viz., that the City of Victoria subscribe for one-half of the shares of the capital stock of the Esquimalt Water Works Company, I now wish to repeat the proposal in as clear a manner as possible.

The capital of the E.W.W.Co. is $400,000, divided into 4000 shares of $100 each. From the time of incorporation of the company in 1885 to date, 1800 shares have been issued, for which $180,000 has been paid to the company. It is now proposed that the corporation of the City of Victoria subscribe for 2000 shares at $100 per share, to be paid in cash on allotment. The remaining 200 shares would be allotted to present shareholders pro rata. If this arrangement is entered into, the by-laws of the E.W.W.Co. would be changed by special resolution of the company so as to meet the new conditions, and so that the corporation of the City of Victoria would annually appoint three directors to represent the city's interest, the remaining three directors would be appointed by the shareholders other than the corporation of the City of Victoria.

Respectfully, T. LUBBE,
Man. Director E.W.W.Co.

Victoria, April 24, 1893.

Hon. Robert Beaven, Mayor, Victoria.

Sir: In respect to the Goldstream watershed, this company has converted Goldstream lake into a reservoir (altitude 1505ft) covering 200 acres. The water may be drawn off to a depth of 20 feet, equivalent to a storage capacity of 1200 million gallons of water, sufficient for a daily supply of 9,000,000 gallons during the dry season.

For a supply of 9,000,000 gallons of water per day throughout the year it is necessary now only to lay a pipe of 24 inches diameter for a distance of nine and one-quarter miles. Respectfully,

T. LUBBE,
Man. Director E.W.W.Co.

Accompanying the letters was the following summary of capital and shares:

Capital $1,400,000.
Divided into 4000 shares of $100 each.
No. of shares taken up to March 31, 1893, 1800.
Called on each share, $100.
Total amount of calls received, 180,000.
Calls unpaid, none.

The shareholders are:

Thomas Earle	110
Alex. Dunsmuir	1
Joan Dunsmuir	124
Theodore Lubbe	482
E. A. McQuade	111
W. P. Sayward	288
Joseph Hunter	105
B. W. Pearse	167
Sir J. W. Trutch	29
C. E. Pooley	112
A. C. P. Haggard	80
Total	1800

Ald. Munn said the only thing to do was to call a meeting of the city's "shareholders." He therefore moved that the mayor call a public meeting.

Ald. Miller said that the company should be asked to have its statements printed for general circulation. He also thought that all possible information should be placed before the public meeting. He wanted to know if the land values given in the financial statement were estimated or if they represented the cost, also what city water was at present costing, and as well if the price would be maintained of 6 cents per 1000 gallons if the demand increased.

Ald. Bragg wanted the city engineer to carefully look into the water question and be at the meeting. Ald. Baker was opposed to the whole proposition, but said he would reserve his say for the public meeting. The motion for the public meeting carried and the council adjourned. It was 10:30 o'clock.

QUEEN OF THE EVENING SKY.

Beautiful Venus Is Re-Enthroned for a Short Time in Her Reign.

Venus, after an absence of nearly a year, has again made her appearance as an evening star, and may now be seen for a short time in the early evening in the west. She will continue to adorn the western skies during the remainder of the year, growing brighter and brighter, and not reaching her greatest brilliancy until Jan. 6 next.

As Vesper, the evening star par excellence, this brilliant planet, which Homer ages ago apostrophized in words endorsed by all succeeding generations as "the most beautiful star that stands in the heavens," is always a welcome visitor and an object of keen interest for every one whose eyes are open to the beauties of the starry firmament. As a "naked eye" object it stands without a rival. Even Jupiter, the giant of the solar system, and Sirius, the giant among the fixed stars, pale before Venus when at her brightest.

One would suppose that Venus would form a splendid object for a telescope. On the contrary, it is one of the most difficult objects in the heavens to see satisfactorily with this instrument. Its dazzling light brings out all the defects of a telescope, and, being low in the heavens after dark, it is always more or less tremulous. The best telescopic views of Venus are obtained in broad daylight, when it is high above the horizon; all astronomical studies of it are made at that time. Thus viewed, with its strong light subdued by the glare of the day and posed upon a background of blue sky, it is indeed a beautiful object, resembling the moon when seen under the same conditions, but free from the dark blotches that disfigure that luminary.

Venus has no markings distinguishable with a small telescope; it is interesting mainly for its changing phases. Being an "inferior" planet, and passing at times between us and the sun, it goes through the same changes of aspect as are familiar in the monthly changes of the moon, with the important difference that, being when "full" nearly seven times as far away as when in its most slender crescent phase, it undergoes a corresponding change in apparent size.

As it appears now, having but just emerged from behind the sun, it is nearly full. On Dec. 6 it will be at its greatest apparent distance from the sun, and on Jan. 6 will have attained its greatest brilliancy. After this last date it will draw rapidly towards the sun, and its crescent will grow more and more slender until it becomes invisible, except through the largest telescopes.

Lacrosse, baseball, cricket and tennis playing are rapidly being weaned from alcoholic drinks. "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice is the principal substitute. Clear, fragrant and delicious, it seems to cut the phlegm and cleanse the throat in a way that no other drink can. One glass of "Montserrat" will have more effect than three of iced claret or ten of lager beer. Of course, it needs to be diluted with aerated or even plain water, and sweetened to the taste.

—Hanna's (chiropodist and footologist) parlors, 37 Balmoral hotel all this week.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

General Dispatches.

San Francisco, July 31.—The Chinese minister to Washington is expected to arrive on the steamer Rio de Janeiro tomorrow. He is accompanied by 82 officials of high degree, who, it is understood will be divided among San Francisco, Havana, Panama and Washington. Preparations are being made in the Chinese quarters and at the consulate for receiving the visitors.

San Francisco, July 31.—The Merchants's exchange has advices stating that Capt. Wagner, of the steamer Del Norte, while helping to dock his vessel in the Nehaler river, Oregon, fell on the rocks and received injuries from which he died yesterday.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. 1tu&w

PASSENGERS.

Per R P Rithet from New Westminster—J Richdale and wife, Mrs Shield, S Apier, Mrs Apier, Tigfond Lion, H P Veeden, Misses Veeden, T Hillscroft, A Elkind, Mrs Phelp, D Phelp, Miss Phelp, Mr and Mrs Johnston, Dr Brose, W H Lewis, E R Higginbottom, D Cherry, A Galbraith, McTiernan, Sister Monaide, Miss Huff, H P Veeden, Miss Verden, J E Nicholson, D B Hall, A G Aikman, Capt Walker, J Clarke, C R Long, A Ferris, Godfrey and son, C Cook, W Cussell, Miss Mallandaine, T McNeary, Officer Abel.

CONSIGNEES.

Per R P Rithet from New Westminster—H Bornstein, Bank of Montreal, Dominion Express, C P N Co, Singer Sew Mach Co, John Ord, Alice & Ault, J Bloomfield, J Tolitch, G W Aikman, R P Rithet & Co, S Clay, Lenz & Leiser, F Robson, Turner Beeton & Co.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST, Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 30 pounds Sal Soda. Sold by All Grocers and Druggists. E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO.

WEAKNESS OF MEN
Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured
by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, for a. Over 2,000 references.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

BIG G. TRADE MARK. CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.
Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Perfectly effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. mwaeF 1y.

ESTATE OF JOHN ALBERT JOHNSON,

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 13th day of July, 1893, by John Albert Johnson, of the Queen's Hotel, Store street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, hotel-keeper, the said John Albert Johnson granted and assigned his real and personal property to Joseph Loewen, of Rockwood, New Gorge road, Lake District, Vancouver Island, brewer, and James Muirhead, Esquimalt road, Victoria West, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, manufacturer of sashes, doors, etc., in trust for the creditors of the said John Albert Johnson.

The said Joseph Loewen and James Muirhead executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 13th day of July, 1893.

A meeting of the creditors will be held on Friday, the 21st day of July, 1893, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the undersigned.

Dated the 15th day of July, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, B.C.,
Solicitor for the Trustees.

July 15-1m.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal over 640 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows: Section 7, township 5.

PETER RASMUSSEN.
Skidegate, June 1, 1893. jy13

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal over 640 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows: Section 8, Township 5. Staked June 1st, 1893.

jy13 JNO. FLEWIN.
Fort Simpson, June 20, 1893

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. Is is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,
(LIMITED)
CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,
is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as
Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.
VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.
PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.
Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to town only $800; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
½ acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $300; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
90 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,500.
90 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
62 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $200 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Easie lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.
Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY
The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.
The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.
THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

DUCK LUNG,
Groceries and Provisions
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE & INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.
Contractor for Chinese labor at short notice
13 Fisgard Street, Victoria.
15-2m P.O. Box 187.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
FOR FAMILY USE.
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

E. E. WELCH,
Accountan and General Collector.
Books posted and balanced. Incomes collected. Offices: 10 and 11 Bank of B. C. Building Government St. mai-3m

EN ROUTE TO CHICAGO.

Seattle as Quiet as "Peaceful Valley" on a Sunday.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET IN A COFFIN

The High Intellectual Attainments of an Elevator Boy—The Mineral Palace—Marvellous Beauty of the Hop Fields in the Puyallup.

Chicago, July 24.—This is Monday. On Tuesday night we left Victoria on the Kingston, arriving in Seattle at 5 on Wednesday morning. Seattle is dull, very dull. They call us Victorians a slow people but they are not rushing very much themselves just now. Up to 6 o'clock we could get neither breakfast nor a street car, so we checked our grips and bundles and took a walk along the deserted streets of that "Peaceful Valley." Passing along the street an odd thing was seen. A beautiful oak coffin, tastefully lined with satin, lay invitingly open and on the lid was this notice: "Furnished room to rent; apply to E. R. Butternut, manager." It reminded me of an erstwhile familiar sign on Yates street—"Victoria Dying Establishment." Such things make one thoughtful, and hungry, so we went back to the hotel for breakfast. The elevator boy was reading. I was curious to see what literature tempts a boy at 6:30 in the morning and covertly looked for the title. What do you think it was, "The Flirtations of a Beauty." Who says the Seattle youth is practical and without sentiment. After breakfast we discovered that Seattle has a museum. They call it the "Coal and Mineral Palace." The building is outwardly attractive. It is built of stone, coal and logs, and contains samples of the products of the state. Seattle people think this exhibit something really fine, and when they see you are a stranger they are sure to ask you; "Have you seen the Mineral Palace?" A palace, forsooth! Why, Mr. Fannin could put the whole exhibit, building and all, among the bottles of his snake room and not have to step over it. They have one or two queer things there, though. What do you think of this notice: "Behring Sea codfish, catch of 1892, produced and packed by J. A. Matheson, Anacortes?" Seattle has pretty parks and grand boating at Lake Washington. The car ride out to Madrona park through the woods is pretty and cool on a hot day; it was the only cool place we could find. At 4 o'clock we took the Northern Pacific at Seattle and felt that at last we had really started on our journey. The Puyallup valley looked refreshingly cool and seems to promise a good hop crop. In some places the vines are eight or ten feet high and trained at the top from pole to pole till they form a complete roof over the whole field. I don't think I ever saw anything much prettier than those long, green avenues, with the sun just peeping through the leafy roof. Looking over our R. R. manual we decided to keep cool and not, if possible, die on the road, for we read: "Corpse rate is always first-class, full fare; the corpse must be properly encased, placed in the baggage car, and taken only when in good condition." More anon.

A. D. CAMERON.

ITALY INSULTED.

Montreal's Refusal to Return a Salute Taken as an Affront.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—There was big trouble all day yesterday and last night in Montreal over the refusal of the department of militia to fire a return salute to the Italian warship Etna. Pressure was brought to bear on the department last night by telegrams, but it refused, holding that Montreal was not a saluting station. To-day a batch of telegrams was sent from Mayor Stearns of Montreal and others, to Bowell, who is at Grand Lodge at Sault Ste. Marie. Their contents were transferred to the militia department. Mr. Patterson, minister of militia, is at Goderich, and General Herbert communicated with him. Orders came at noon to-day from Mr. Patterson to countermand the orders of yesterday and to give instructions to Montreal to fire a salute. These orders were to Lt.-Col. Haughton, Montreal, and no doubt the salute was fired and peace restored. The admiral of the warship told Col. Haughton yesterday that the refusal to return his salute was an insult, and that he would withdraw his vessel and report the matter at once to Rome.

Hon. Donald Montgomery, senator from Prince Edward Island, is dead. He was aged 86. The senator was a native of the island and was the son of Daniel Montgomery, who emigrated from Argyleshire more than a century ago. After taking a somewhat prominent part in island politics the deceased was made a Dominion senator in 1873. He was a Conservative.

Montreal, Aug. 1.—The following special to the Witness, under date of Quebec, Aug. 1st, says: The Quebec government's principal organ here, the Courier du Canada, warmly commends Mayor Desjardins of Montreal for what it terms his "proud and noble act" in refusing to receive the admiral and officials of the Italian flagship. It says that all good Roman Catholics praise Mr. Desjardins' courageous attitude.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Johnson street eastward from Chambers street is closed for repairs.

—There will be a meeting of the school board to-morrow evening at the city hall.

—The Young Men's Institute met last night and elected several associate members.

—Ah Sing was sentenced to a month in jail by Magistrate Macrae this morning for the theft of scrap iron.

—Mutch and Crozier were this morning committed for trial in connection with the robbery of Charles Hennigar.

—Erskine, Wall & Co. have been officially notified that their tender for supply of groceries to Royal Jubilee hospital for the coming year has been accepted.

—In the police court this morning Mrs. Ridelhalgh was charged with being drunk. No appearance. Bail estreated. Richard Hamm, similar offence, discharged.

—Robert Currie, formerly engineer of the steamship Empress of China, and Mrs. Mary Cameron of Victoria were married on Saturday evening by Rev. P. McF. Macleod.

—The Federation Brand Salmon Canning Co. have elected the following trustees:—Walter Morris, A. J. McLellan, W. T. Goodwin, Philip Whyman and James Parker.

—News has been received in the city of the drowning at Maitland, N. S., of one of the little sons of Robert Douglas, well-known in Victoria through his ownership of the sealer Maria, seized off the Copper islands last year.

—A garden party will be held to-morrow evening, under the auspices of the Ladies' Association of Emanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Pickard, Leighton road. Everybody is invited.

—Bishop Perrin visited Salt Spring Island on Sunday. A very warm welcome was given him by the numerous members of his flock there. He conducted services, confirming a large class of candidates prepared by the rector, Rev. J. B. Haslam. The bishop found one of the most prosperous congregations in the diocese at Salt Spring Island.

—Owing to the dismissal of Engineer Atkinson, of the fire department, several changes have been made. Temporary appointments are:—Geo. Lund to be second engineer in place of Atkinson; driver Kinsey to be third engineer; trackman C. Palmer appointed driver in the stead of Kinsey; R. Petticrew appointed trackman in the place of C. Palmer.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

LA BLANCHE FAVORITE.

Goshen, Ind., Aug. 1.—George La Blanche, better known as the marine of San Francisco, and M. J. Dwyer, the champion welter-weight of Michigan, will come together here to-night for a twenty-round contest for a purse of one thousand dollars. La Blanche is the favorite.

NO TROUBLE EXPECTED.

Robey, Ind., Aug. 1.—There was no signs this morning that Gov. Matthews proposed to interfere to prevent the fights scheduled for to-night in the amphitheatre of the Columbian Athletic club. The sheriff of Lake county is not afflicted with the disease known as pernicious activity, as a matter of fact he has occupied a box at every event given under the auspices of the club since its opening, and has appeared to enjoy himself hugely. Neither, so far as is known here, has the governor sent out any secret instructions for the calling out of the militia, and hence Dominick O'Malley and his associates do not expect any trouble. The leading event of to-night is the finish fight between "Young Corbett," a protege of the champion of that name, and Paddy Smith. Both men will weigh in before going into the ring at 135 pounds. Young Corbett has been training at Hammond under the supervision of James J. Corbett, while Joe Choynski has been looking after Paddy Smith at Cedar Lake. Both men are in first class condition, and the fight promises to be "hammer and tongs" from the start. As a "curtain raiser" there will be a ten-round fight in the heavy-weight class between Will Mayo, the strapping young fellow who went against Fitzsimmons the last time he was in the city, and Henry Baker, formerly the heavy-weight champion of Michigan. It will be for a purse of $2,000. Mayo is a local favorite, and the proprietors and employees of the brewery in which he works have put up $1,500 in his behalf at odds of ten to eight. Up to noon to-day over 5000 tickets to the fight had been closed out in Chicago. There will be a large number of sporting men from neighboring places.

BURGE CHALLENGES MACAULIFFE.

New York, Aug. 1.—The following cable dispatch was received at the Police Gazette office yesterday from London: Dick Burge of Newcastle has challenged Jack MacAuliffe, the American champion, to fight at catch weights, four weeks from signing of articles and stake of £400. MacAuliffe has accepted the challenge, and Charlie Mitchell, on behalf of the American Champion, has called upon Burge and his backer to put up the money. Mitchell will find the stakes for MacAuliffe. If Burge does not back down a match will be arranged.

THE RIFLE.

OTTAWA TEAM.

The B. C. representatives on the Ottawa team, 1894, will be: Lieut. Chamberlain, Gunner Turnbull, Corporal A. R. Langley, A. Martin, R. Wilson, Master Gunner Bridgeford, Gunner Sargison, and Gunner Winsby.

THE GUN.

REGULAR MEETING.

The members of the Victoria Gun Club will hold their last regular meeting of the season at the Hotel Victoria this evening.

THE GAME LAW.

Some careless gun-carriers may have been misled by the Colonist's paragraph this morning in reference to the game laws, though it is not likely any true sportsman would be so easily led astray. The dates given in the morning paper apply only to that part of the province, which lies east of the Cascade range. For Vancouver island and the coast district of the mainland the shooting seasons for the different kinds of game commence on the following dates:—

Grouse and duck of all kinds.....Sept. 1
Deer of all kinds.....Sept 15
Pheasants .....Oct. 1

No game of any kind can be lawfully shot before 1st September. Hunters should not forget that it is unlawful to shoot quail are not to be shot at any time. A Comthis season, and also that hen pheasants munication given below affirms that even now there are many guns to be heard in the woods, and no doubt this is strictly true. It is also true, as there stated, that pheasants are shot in the breeding season in the vicinity of the city. There does not appear to be any serious attempt made to interfere with the operations of the "pot-hunter," who is quite as ready to shoot a hen pheasant on her nest as some other people devoid of the sportsman's instinct are to purchase her for table use. It is nobody's business, apparently, to enforce the law.

To the Editor:—It may be as well to notify to those concerned that the shooting season which by law commences on the 1st of September, has already opened in the Esquimalt district, where shots may now be heard from dawn to about seven o'clock each morning and occasionally in the afternoon.

The law is apparently inoperative against the genus "tombricus" or "hoodlum," who acts on the idea that it is the early worm that catches the bird, regardless of the fact that in this free country licence is not liberty, and that the game being public property during the open season, in open lands, that each time he (the hoodlum) kills game out of season he robs the public, and ipso facto commits a petty larceny.

Up to middle of last May when poultry were not so to say in the market, the small breeding stock of pheasants that survived the snow of last winter, were being shot down daily about here, as now also again. VERITAS.

Esquimalt, 1st August, 1893.

YACHTING.

OUT ON A CRUISE.

Mr. Lacey, owner of the pleasure yacht Penelope, arrived from the south on Sunday and to-day went out in the straits on his pretty little vessel. A number of Victorians went out as guests of Mr. Lacey and Captain Lawson. A party of Californians will arrive from the south shortly and spend several weeks on the Penelope cruising around adjacent waters.

THE SPEEDY NAVAHOE.

London, Aug. 1.—At the regatta of the Royal Southampton Yacht club to-day the Navahoe defeated the Satanita. The other two yachts which started, the Calluna and Iverna, had sails carried away and gave up.

London, Aug. 1.—The race for the Queen's cup, opened to boats owned by members of the Royal Yacht Squadron, took place to-day. The course was fifty miles long. The yachts starting were, Valkyrie, Britannia, Meteor, owned by the German Emperor; Viking and Mohawk. The Valkyrie finished first, Britannia second and Meteor third. The judges declared the Valkyrie the winner.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Meiklor's, Fort street, above Douglas *

PERSONAL.

Chas. A. Godson has left for the east.

M. Hamburger, of Wellington, is in the city.

Samuel Paulesson, of Saanich, is in town.

P. C. Dunlevy returned from California this morning.

Victor Mitchell left on Saturday evening for the east.

R. J. Martin, of Nanaimo, is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

Richard Winch, of Peterboro, Ont., is visiting Thos. Hooper.

R. P. Rithet was a passenger from San Francisco on the Umatilla to-day.

Abl. Beirea will leave to-morrow evening for St. John, N. B., his old home.

R. Bryden, of Wellington, and T. McNeeley, of Ladner's are at the Oriental.

Mrs. Alexander Lafferty, of Napanee, Ont., is in the city on a visit to her son.

Mrs. Redgrave and Miss Redgrave returned to-day from a trip to San Francisco.

S. E. Nuttall and wife and Miss G. Nuttall, of Vancouver, are registered at the Driard.

H. Brackman, of the Brackman & Ker Milling Company, will leave for the north to-night.

Jno. T. Marshall and L. G. McMillan, of New Westminster, and T. L. Whitelaw, of Vancouver, are a the Driard.

Mrs. D. S. Payne, of San Jose, and Miss Augusta Veeder, and Mr. H. P. Veeder, of San Francisco, are visiting here.

P. J. Hibben left this morning for England where he will spend three months combining business with pleasure.

W. C. Coatham and wife and Miss E. E. Robinson, of New Westminster, are at the Oriental. They have just returned from California.

Christopher Carson, travelling passenger agent of the C. P. R., arrived in the city on the Umatilla from San Francisco today.

G. A. Aikman came down from New Westminster last night. He has been transferred from the land registry office at Westminster to the Victoria office.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—J G Hargrave, Rev T Hugh, Miss Roth, Miss Gillis, Miss Bassett, Miss Smith, Mrs Piper, Miss Piper, Miss Ida Richardson, Miss Irene Richardson, Miss Carrington, Mrs Jones, Miss Audrolt, Miss Evert, Miss Govan, Miss Dunlap, Miss A Woodward, W F Tufts and wife, Miss Moulton, Mrs Redgrave, Miss Redgrave, J C Humphrey, Fred H Walker and wife, E Charles Casta and wife, J S Kavaugh and wife, F W Gross and wife, H R Jewett and wife, J S Danger, Mrs W C Coatham, Mrs E E Robinson, J F Tannehill, A O Snow, C S Frost, G Seebolt, T Arronix, M Braverman, R P Rithet, W F Carson, D Ross, Mr Allen, L O Brien, P C Dunlevy, J A Conway, O Hubnert and wife, W Radcliff and wife, D S Shaffer, C Burnett, A Yickerman, M Schiller, Capt Mutrett and wife, H Brick, M Sullivan, R S Holmes, John Matile, Miss Comfort, J Hotchinson, F J Carney, A W Hobbie, Robert Lewis, E Comber, L Gilroy, Frank Murray, and 11 steerage.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks, A & W Wilson, Alex & Ault, A F Engiehardt, A F Nowell, Colbert & Warner, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, E G Prior & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Gam Fook Yuen, F M Davidge & Co, Fell & Co, Hodson & Co, J & A Clearihue, Blue, J S Danner, J W Grace, care Dalby & Claxton, J & A Clearihue, Jos Sommer, Jos Kisher, J H Falconer, J H French, J A Virtue, Okell & Morris, McLachlan Bros, Nat Elect Tram Co, P McQuade & Son, Phillips Bros, P Walton, R P Rithet & Co, R H Jamieson, R Baker & Son, S M Hartman, Sec Hop, S Leiser, Thos Earle, Union Club, Vic Iron Wks, Vale & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Wolff & Tarler, Yuen Lung, Wm Weber, V I B Co, Fuller & Goodwin, Pk Gable, G Duck, F R Robinson, J R Robinson, Kwong On Wo, F V M Co, Baker & Lecson, C Anderson, C S Phelp, F R Stewart, J G Hutchinson & Co, M M & H, Winch & Bower, S Ashfield & Co, Chas Rosin, Wells Fargo & Co.

25c and 35c Dress Goods

all reduced to 15 c. per yard, at Russell & McDonald's.

Lincrusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros.

Tamilkande Tea is the best.

As I am Retiring from Business I will make the best

CABINET PHOTOS

AT

$3 PER DOZ., CASH,

For One Month only.

SKENE LOWE,
Late Hall & Lowe.

THE BUSINESS FOR SALE as a Going Concern.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Large shipment of New Goods just received.

BASKETS,
HAMPERS,
FLOWER POTS,
PAPER NAPKINS, &c.

Prices lower than ever.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

C. P. N. CO. LD.

Steamer

Princess Louise

ROBERTS, MASTER,
Will leave Outer Wharf

—FOR—

Naas and Way Ports

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1st,

At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street.

The company reserve the right to change this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.

jy27-td

Cheapest Boarding House IN TOWN.

Rock Bay Hotel

NEW HOUSE.
NEW FURNITURE.

Best Accommodation for the Least Money.

Single Room .... $5 A WEEK
.....And Board

Bar will be run in the same manner as St. George's Hotel. Beer, 5 cents a schooner; 10 cents a pot.

BEN. CARTER,
Proprietor.

jy31-1m

Argyle House

JUST RECEIVED

Another Shipment of those WHITE

CALICOES

BEST VALUE IN THE MARKET.

15 yds. White Calico for $1.
12 yds. 36 inch White Calico for $1
10 yds. Heavy Medium White Calico for $1.
8 yds. Extra Heavy White Calico for $1.
14 yds. Canton Flannel for $1.
12 yds. Flannelette for $1.

ALSO

A nice range of PRINTS, 12 yards for $1.

Remnants, Dress Goods, Prints, Flannelettes, Laces, Ribbons, Embroideries, &c., VERY LOW IN PRICE

J. Horner & Co.

The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
MILLINERS, ETC.,
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

AS A RESULT OF OUR SEASON'S BUSINESS WE HAVE A HOST OF

REMNANTS

AND

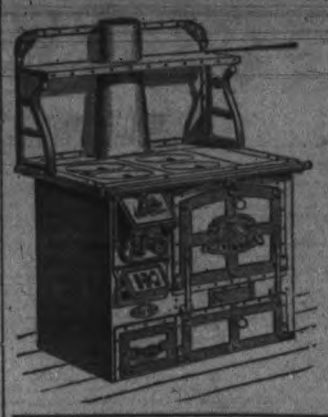
ODDMENTS

THROWN OUT IN EACH DEPARTMENT

At Extremely Low Prices

See Our Goods And Prices Before Purchasing.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO



If your COOKING STOVE is used up or unsatisfactory we will allow you its value in exchange for a

Majestic Range

Made of Steel and Maleable Iron and guaranteed to give satisfaction

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S

Cor. Government and Johnson St.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes.

OUR PRICE LIST

Men's Extra Large, Hand Made Hickory Shirts, 75c., good value at $1.
Men's Extra Large Blue Serge Shirts, all wool, $1.50; worth $2.50.
Men's Blue Jean Pants, copper rivetted, $1; worth $1.50.
Men's Blue Denim Overalls, copper rivetted, 90c.
Linen Collars, $1.50 a doz., 15c. each; sold everywhere at $2 and $2.50 a doz.
Men's Flannelette Overshirts, with band or collar, $1 $1.25 and $1.50.
Boys' Serge Suits, $1.25, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4.

Our Prices are Lower than Elsewhere.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS, 35 & 37 Johnson St.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Reed, Rattan and Bamboo Furniture,

Comprising Novelties in
Chairs, Rockers, Couches, Tables, Cabinets, Screens, Easels, Etc., Etc.

Juvenile High Grade Safety Bicycles,

With solid rubber tires, with nickel mountings; warranted first-class in every particular, $25 each.

Baby Carriages, Children's Wagons and Boys' Velocipedes in Great Variety

Large Stock of High Grade Pressed Glassware.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

LUKE PITHER. MAX LEISER.

PITHER & LEISER,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

BOUCHERAT & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and Case.

Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

PITHER & LEISER

Successors to Boucherat & Co.